

# BlazeCut Automatic Fire Suppression System

## System Manual

### Installation, Service and Maintenance

#### *C Series Direct Low Pressure Clean Agent Systems*

**CEA116, CFK116**

**CEA118, CFK118**

**CEA126, CFK126**

**CEA128, CFK128**



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

|          |                                                             |           |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>INTRODUCTION.....</b>                                    | <b>4</b>  |
| <b>2</b> | <b>BASIC INFORMATION ABOUT THE SYSTEM .....</b>             | <b>5</b>  |
| 2.1      | EXPLANATION OF MODEL NAME CAPTION .....                     | 5         |
| 2.2      | TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND TYPES OF DLP SYSTEMS .....     | 7         |
| 2.3      | USE OF THE SYSTEM .....                                     | 8         |
| <b>3</b> | <b>SYSTEM DESIGN LIMITATIONS.....</b>                       | <b>9</b>  |
| 3.1      | VOLUME COVERAGE .....                                       | 9         |
| 3.2      | ISO 9094 REQUIREMENTS .....                                 | 15        |
| <b>4</b> | <b>COMPONENTS OF THE SYSTEM AND THEIR DESCRIPTION .....</b> | <b>15</b> |
| 4.1      | CYLINDERS FOR EXTINGUISHING AGENT.....                      | 15        |
| 4.2      | CYLINDER VALVES .....                                       | 19        |
| 4.3      | BLAZETUBE DETECTION .....                                   | 24        |
| 4.4      | PRESSURE GAUGES .....                                       | 27        |
| 4.5      | BLAZETUBE PUSH-IN CONNECTORS .....                          | 27        |
| 4.6      | BLAZETUBE END-OF-LINE DEVICES.....                          | 28        |
| 4.7      | FASTENING MATERIAL .....                                    | 29        |
| 4.8      | LABELS.....                                                 | 31        |
| <b>5</b> | <b>DEFINITION OF LEGAL REQUIREMENTS .....</b>               | <b>33</b> |
| <b>6</b> | <b>INFORMATION ON EXTINGUISHING AGENTS USED .....</b>       | <b>33</b> |
| 6.1      | DESCRIPTION OF HFC-227EA.....                               | 33        |
| 6.2      | DESCRIPTION OF FK-5-1-12 .....                              | 34        |
| 6.3      | PERMISSIBLE USES OF EXTINGUISHING AGENTS.....               | 34        |
| 6.4      | SOME PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES .....                 | 35        |
| 6.5      | LIMITED USES OF THE EXTINGUISHING AGENT .....               | 36        |
| 6.6      | WARNINGS.....                                               | 36        |
| 6.7      | HANDLING OF HFC GASES .....                                 | 37        |
| <b>7</b> | <b>FILLING AND CHARGING OF SYSTEMS .....</b>                | <b>38</b> |
| 7.1      | FILLING AND CHARGING OF SYSTEMS WITH HFC-227EA.....         | 38        |
| 7.2      | FILLING AND CHARGING OF SYSTEMS WITH FK-5-1-12 .....        | 38        |
| 7.3      | PROCEDURE OF PRESSURISATION OF THE CYLINDER ONLY .....      | 40        |
| 7.4      | ADDITIONAL STEPS AFTER PRESSURISATION .....                 | 41        |
| <b>8</b> | <b>INSTRUCTIONS FOR INSTALLATION OF THE SYSTEM.....</b>     | <b>42</b> |
| 8.1      | GENERAL RULES .....                                         | 42        |
| 8.2      | INSTALLATION OF THE CYLINDER AND BRACKET.....               | 43        |

|                                                                     |                                                                                |           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| 8.3                                                                 | INSTALLATION OF THE BLAZETUBE DETECTION .....                                  | 46        |
| 8.4                                                                 | PRESSURISATION OF THE CYLINDER AND THE DETECTION SYSTEM .....                  | 51        |
| 8.5                                                                 | FINAL INSPECTION OF THE SYSTEM INSTALLATION .....                              | 55        |
| <b>9</b>                                                            | <b>OPERATION OF THE BLAZECUT SYSTEM IN CASE OF FIRE .....</b>                  | <b>55</b> |
| <b>10</b>                                                           | <b>REGULAR INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM .....</b> | <b>56</b> |
| 10.1                                                                | INSPECTION OF PRESSURE IN THE SYSTEM .....                                     | 57        |
| 10.2                                                                | BASIC POINTS OF INSPECTION OF THE SYSTEM .....                                 | 58        |
| 10.3                                                                | INSPECTION OF WEIGHT OF THE EXTINGUISHING AGENT IN THE SYSTEM .....            | 59        |
| 10.4                                                                | PRESSURISATION OF THE SYSTEM .....                                             | 60        |
| <b>11</b>                                                           | <b>SYSTEM DEACTIVATION AND REMOVAL .....</b>                                   | <b>60</b> |
| 11.1                                                                | SYSTEM DEACTIVATION .....                                                      | 60        |
| 11.2                                                                | REMOVAL OF THE SYSTEM FROM SERVICE .....                                       | 60        |
| <b>12</b>                                                           | <b>REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS AND RESTORATION OF ACTIVITY .....</b>             | <b>60</b> |
| 12.1                                                                | CLEANING THE SYSTEM .....                                                      | 60        |
| 12.2                                                                | RESTORATION OF ACTIVITY OF BLAZECUT SYSTEM IN CASE OF FIRE .....               | 61        |
| 12.3                                                                | REPLACEMENT OF THE CYLINDER .....                                              | 61        |
| 12.4                                                                | REPLACEMENT OF THE BLAZETUBE DETECTION .....                                   | 62        |
| 12.5                                                                | DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY .....                                                | 63        |
| <b>13</b>                                                           | <b>PRODUCT TRAINING .....</b>                                                  | <b>64</b> |
| <b>14</b>                                                           | <b>LIST OF ANNEXES .....</b>                                                   | <b>64</b> |
| <b>ANNEX 1: SIGNALLING DEVICES .....</b>                            |                                                                                | <b>65</b> |
| A1.1.                                                               | SIGNALLING UNITS .....                                                         | 65        |
| A1.2.                                                               | ALARM PANEL .....                                                              | 66        |
| <b>ANNEX 2: PRESSURE MONITORING AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS .....</b> |                                                                                | <b>67</b> |
| A2.1.                                                               | PRESSURE TRANSDUCER ATA100 .....                                               | 67        |
| A2.2.                                                               | PRESSURE SWITCH APS001-xx .....                                                | 68        |
| A2.3.                                                               | PRESSURE SWITCH APS003-xx .....                                                | 69        |
| A2.4.                                                               | INSTALLATION OF PRESSURE MONITORING COMPONENTS .....                           | 70        |
| A2.5.                                                               | ELECTRICAL CABLES, CONDUITS AND CONNECTORS .....                               | 72        |
| <b>ADDITIONAL NOTES .....</b>                                       |                                                                                | <b>74</b> |

## 1 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1.1 MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

BlazeCut s.r.o., Triblavinská 3191, 90025 Chorvátsky Grob, Slovakia

[www.blazecut.com](http://www.blazecut.com); [customerservice@blazecut.com](mailto:customerservice@blazecut.com)

### 1.1.2 INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OF THE MANUAL

This manual is intended to supply technical information for trained and authorized personnel by BlazeCut. Any personnel performing installation, inspection, maintenance or replacement of components with the BlazeCut system shall have this manual available and proceed solely in accordance with it. Failure to follow the instructions in this manual and any other BlazeCut manuals may result in loss of warranty, a system malfunction, causing damage to the protected equipment and may present serious danger to the life and health of others.

### 1.1.3 SAFETY FIRST

Please read this manual in its entirety. Operation and installation instructions need to be fully understood before this BlazeCut product is installed. Failure to do so may void warranty. Your local governing regulations for safety and compliance must be followed.

### 1.1.4 WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS



This symbol within the manual represents warning of specific risks, dangers, or warning of described procedures. Failure to follow the instructions in the text marked with this symbol may result in loss of warranty, damage to property, threat to safety or life of persons performing the operation on the system or persons in the vicinity. Do not proceed without following the instructions marked with such symbols.

### 1.1.5 FURTHER INFORMATION

BlazeCut® is a registered trademark of BlazeCut and is recorded in the Register of Community Trade Marks.

If any of the instructions in this manual are unclear or in case of further questions, contact the BlazeCut Team.

This document is the property of BlazeCut. It is prohibited to reproduce it, copy it in whole or in part, or provide third parties with any related information without prior written consent of BlazeCut.



#### WARNING

Please ensure that the safety instructions are fully understood before the equipment is put into service.

Do not modify any part of the BlazeCut components as this may cause serious injury or a failure of the system.

Always wear the appropriate protective equipment and clothing whilst installing or servicing.

## 2 BASIC INFORMATION ABOUT THE SYSTEM

### 2.1 EXPLANATION OF MODEL NAME CAPTION

#### Certificate

LCPB-

**NOTE:** only present on LPCB LPS 1666 compliant systems

#### Product line

C – Cylinder Series systems

#### Extinguishing agent

EA – HFC-227ea

FK – FK-5-1-12

#### Valve series

116 – with one outlet for Ø 6 mm BlazeTube detection

118 – with one outlet for Ø 8 mm BlazeTube detection

126 – with two outlets for Ø 6 mm BlazeTube detections

128 – with two outlets for Ø 8 mm BlazeTube detections

#### Examples of extinguishing agent quantity

1.25 – 1.25 kg of agent

2.5 – 2.5 kg of agent

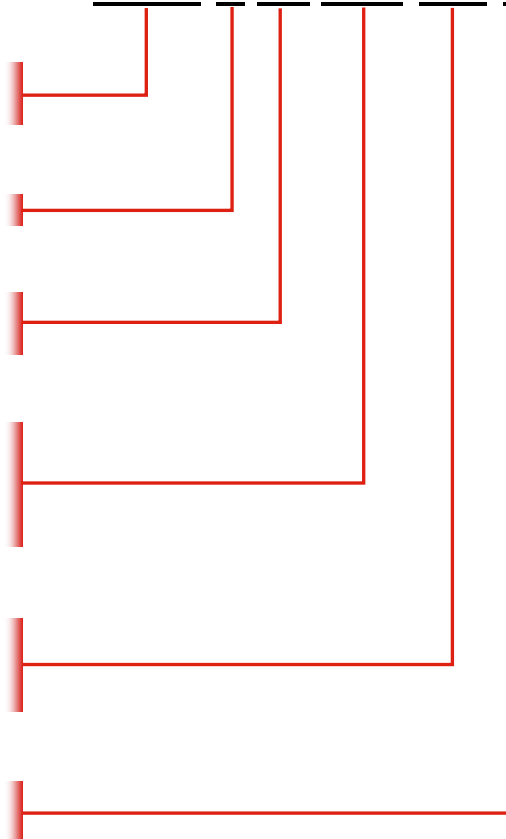
5 – 5 kg of agent

#### Lower G1/8" port on a valve (126 and 128 valves only)

0 – plug FVP1B02

3 – M10x1 adapter FVABM0210 with a plug

**LPCB-C FK 126-1.8-3**



**Example 1:** CFK126-2.5-3 – includes BlazeCut system with one cylinder (C) with the extinguishing agent used FK-5-1-12 (FK), with the valve type 126 (126), total amount of the extinguishing agent 2.5 kg (-2.5), an additional M10 adapter on the lower G1/8" port (-3).

#### **NOTE**

*For LPCB LPS 1666 compliant systems follow instruction in system manual SM-DCAL DLP Clean Agents LPCB Systems.*

## 2.1.1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM

**Commercial name:** BlazeCut

**Characteristics:** Clean Agent Automatic fire suppression system

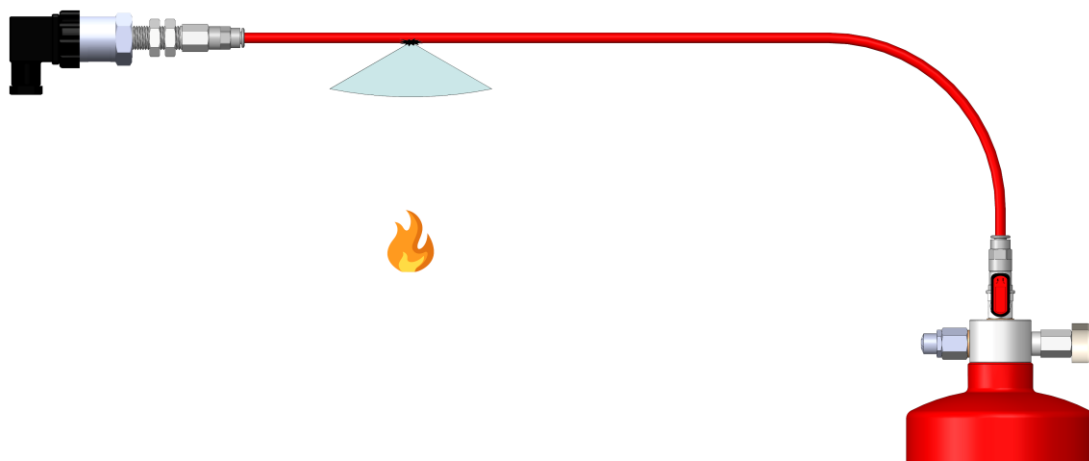
**Type:** Cylinder Series (C Series), Direct Low Pressure (DLP)

**Examples of applications:**

- engine compartments of mobile equipment, boats, buses and vehicles
- electrical switchboards, fuse boxes, electrical supply sources, battery spaces,
- network installations, voltage junctions,
- server racks, audio-video equipment,
- fume cabinets,
- telecom tower shelters,
- elevator engine rooms,
- cable trays,
- CNC machining centres,
- wind turbines,
- 3D printers, laser cutters,
- others.

**Functionality:** BlazeCut Direct Low-Pressure System suppresses fire automatically without any external power source. Extinguishing agent is stored in a cylinder. The cylinder is closed with a valve, which keeps the pressure in the cylinder and releases the agent.

The system is referred to as direct, which means that the activation and distribution of the agent is secured by heat detection tubing – BlazeTube. The fire suppression system operates by detecting fire and also application of the agent using a BlazeTube detection connected to the cylinder valve. The BlazeTube detection is placed in the protected enclosure and is under constant pressure. In case of a fire the BlazeTube detection degrades by the effect of a fire or high temperature. When the BlazeTube detection is disrupted, the agent is released through created “nozzle”. This system is independent of any electrical supply and operates solely on physical principles.



*Principle of operation of BlazeCut DLP system*

Systems BlazeCut C(EA, FK)(126, 128) with valves 126 and 128 have two outlets to connect two BlazeTube detections. This allows for better coverage of the enclosure, higher flow rate of the agent in a loop configuration or greater variability of enclosures protection.

## 2.1.2 OPTIONAL COMPONENTS

Installation, use, function and service of selected optional components is described in annexes of this Installation and service manual or supplied as a separate manual. For more information contact the supplier.

**Table 1: Installation characteristics for BlazeCut DLP systems**

| Parameter                                                                                                  | Description                                                  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Test pressure of pressure equipment                                                                        | 30 bar                                                       |
| Amount of agent                                                                                            | 1 to 5 kg                                                    |
| Type of extinguishing agent                                                                                | HFC-227ea or FK-5-1-12                                       |
| Expellant gas                                                                                              | nitrogen                                                     |
| Pneumatic activation                                                                                       | yes                                                          |
| Connection to a fire alarm or other warning device                                                         | with AAP210, AAP310, AAP400                                  |
| Display, monitor and provide a low-pressure alarm                                                          | with APS001/ATA100 + AAP210/AAP400;<br>APS001 + custom panel |
| Connection to a sounder or other alarm activation system                                                   | with APS001 + signalling unit                                |
| Isolating power supplies and auxiliary equipment such as fan units to the enclosure upon system activation | with APS001, AAP210 or AAP310                                |

## 2.2 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND TYPES OF DLP SYSTEMS

**Table 2: DLP basic kits with HFC-227ea**

| Model number | Valve type | Agent quantity [kg] | BlazeTube size [mm] | BlazeTube outlets | Operating pressure at 20 °C [bar] | Operating pressure range [bar] | Operating temperature range [°C] |
|--------------|------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| CEA116-1     | 116        | 1                   | ø 6                 | 1                 | 12                                | 8 – 20                         | -20 to +55                       |
| CEA116-2     |            | 2                   |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CEA116-4     |            | 4                   |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CEA118-1     | 118        | 1                   | ø 8                 | 2                 | 12                                | 8 – 20                         | -20 to +55                       |
| CEA118-2     |            | 2                   |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CEA118-4     |            | 4                   |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CEA126-2     | 126        | 2                   | ø 6                 | 2                 | 12                                | 8 – 20                         | -20 to +55                       |
| CEA126-4     |            | 4                   |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CEA128-2     | 128        | 2                   | ø 8                 | 2                 | 12                                | 8 – 20                         | -20 to +55                       |
| CEA128-4     |            | 4                   |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |

### NOTE

*Operating temperature refers to temperature in the protected enclosure as well as pressure cylinder location.*

**Table 3: DLP basic kits with FK-5-1-12**

| Model number | Valve type | Agent quantity [kg] | BlazeTube size [mm] | BlazeTube outlets | Operating pressure at 20 °C [bar] | Operating pressure range [bar] | Operating temperature range [°C] |
|--------------|------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| CFK116-1.25  | 116        | 1.25                | ø 6                 | 1                 | 15                                | 12 – 20                        | -20 to +60                       |
| CFK116-2.5   |            | 2.5                 |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CFK116-5     |            | 5                   |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CFK118-1.25  | 118        | 1.25                | ø 8                 | 2                 | 15                                | 12 – 20                        | -20 to +60                       |
| CFK118-2.5   |            | 2.5                 |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CFK118-5     |            | 5                   |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CFK126-2.5   | 126        | 2.5                 | ø 6                 | 2                 | 15                                | 12 – 20                        | -20 to +60                       |
| CFK126-5     |            | 5                   |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CFK128-2.5   | 128        | 2.5                 | ø 8                 | 2                 |                                   |                                |                                  |
| CFK128-5     |            | 5                   |                     |                   |                                   |                                |                                  |

### NOTE

*Operating temperature refers to temperature in the protected enclosure as well as pressure cylinder location.*

## 2.3 USE OF THE SYSTEM

The BlazeCut system is designed for protection of closed spaces from fire using volume or local fire suppression. It is not intended for use as a whole room, building fire protection system or where people are present.

The fire suppressing properties depend on many factors, including the size of the protected enclosure, the properties of the flammable substances in the space, shape and degree of closure of the area, the possibility of placement of the BlazeTube detection, air circulation etc. In order to reach desired extinguishing concentration and effective use of BlazeCut system consult the choice of type, amount of agent and cylinders, type of extinguishing agent and installation method with the supplier of the system.

In order to achieve accurate design of the system, it is necessary to obtain the following information:

- the dimensions of the protected area,
- openness of the protected area and airflow in it,
- the nature of fire risk in the protected area (presence of flammable materials, their amount, location),
- layout of the protected enclosure,
- sites with the highest probability of fire (presence of possible ignition sources of fire),
- placement options of the system within the protected area (especially the location of the cylinder and BlazeTube detection).

It is always recommended to discuss the potential fire risk factors in the protected enclosure with a local fire protection specialist who has knowledge about the protected enclosure and this information is provided to the supplier of the system. A BlazeCut risk assessment template is available for this purpose if required.

It is also necessary that the conditions in the protected area are in accordance with the permissible parameters of the system, especially the lowest and highest temperature in the protected area.

Remember that there are many factors and variables that can affect the extinguishing process in event of fire. It is not possible to guarantee total suppression of fire in the protected enclosure under all circumstances.

The BlazeCut system is designed to protect equipment in closed spaces. Use in partially or completely open spaces or spaces with strong air circulation may significantly decrease the efficiency of the system.

In case of forced ventilation in protected enclosure after activation of the system the ventilation shall be switched-off immediately to avoid venting of the agent from the protected area. In such case, it is recommended to provide automatic cut-off of ventilation when BlazeCut system is activated (e.g., with the Pressure Switch APS001-xx or APS003-xx).

Use of the system is also limited by the properties of extinguishing agent and its possible application. Detailed information is described in Chapter [6.3](#).

### 2.3.1 WARNINGS



**Install and use BlazeCut system only with originally supplied components. Do not replace anything in the system, use only original components and spare parts. The use of external components not approved by the manufacturer, for example beacons and alarms, will not be the responsibility of BlazeCut and no warranty or claim will be acknowledged in this regard.**



**BlazeCut system is not compatible with other fire suppression systems, do not try to connect the system to any other equipment.**



**The system may be installed, maintained and repaired only by persons trained or authorized by the manufacturer and also holding relevant professional qualification depending on the procedure. Unprofessional interference with the system may cause malfunction of the system and provides threat to safety and health of people.**



**The system is not designed to be used as portable fire extinguisher. Do not try to suppress fire by holding the system in hands or sprinkling the extinguishing agent directly into the fire. Do not use the system in any other way than described in this manual.**

## 3 SYSTEM DESIGN LIMITATIONS

### 3.1 VOLUME COVERAGE

Maximum volume coverage depends on two major factors: maximum ambient temperature in the protected enclosure and design concentration required. In [Table 4](#) and [Table 7](#) are listed most of standard applications for respective agent. For HFC-227ea and FK-5-1-12 the design concentration is to cover most of fixed applications with Class A and electrical fires classified by European standard EN 2. The design concentrations by volume are at ambient temperature 20 °C.

**Table 4: Design concentrations of HFC-227ea according to NFPA 2001 (2022) and FM 4-9 (2018)**

| Class A Fires                     |      | 6.7                     |      |
|-----------------------------------|------|-------------------------|------|
| Energized Electrical Fires <480 V |      | 7.0                     |      |
| Energized Electrical Fires ≥480 V |      | 12.0                    |      |
| Class B and C Fires               |      |                         |      |
| 1-Propane                         | 10.0 | Isopropanol             | 9.8  |
| 2-butoxyethanol                   | 9.0  | JP 4                    | 9.0  |
| Acetone                           | 10.0 | JP 5                    | 9.0  |
| Acetonitrile                      | 7.0  | Kerosene                | 9.6  |
| Benzene                           | 9.5  | Methane                 | 7.2  |
| Commercial Heptane                | 8.7  | Methanol                | 15.2 |
| Commercial Hexanes                | 9.0  | Methyl Ethyl Ketone     | 9.6  |
| Crude Oil                         | 8.5  | Methyl Isobutyl Ketone  | 9.1  |
| Cyclohexane                       | 9.4  | Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether | 8.8  |
| Cyclopentanone                    | 9.6  | n-Heptane               | 9.6  |
| Denatured Alcohol                 | 9.8  | n-Pentane               | 8.8  |
| Diesel fuel                       | 8.7  | Propane                 | 8.7  |
| Diethyl Ether                     | 9.8  | Pyrrolidine             | 9.5  |
| Ethanol                           | 12.6 | Tetrahydrofuran         | 9.6  |
| Ethyl Acetate                     | 8.9  | Toluene                 | 7.6  |
| Gasoline-87 Octane Unleaded       | 9.0  | Transformer Oil         | 9.5  |
| Hexene                            | 7.6  | 1-Butane                | 8.6  |
| Hydraulic Fluid                   | 8.5  | Xylene                  | 7.8  |
| Hydraulic Oils                    | 7.7  |                         |      |

**Table 5: Design concentrations of HFC-227ea according to BS EN 15004-2:2020**

| Fire Class       | Concentration |
|------------------|---------------|
| Class A Standard | 7.9 %         |
| Class A Higher   | 8.5 %         |
| Class B          | 9 %           |

The standard BS EN 15004-5:2020 for Fixed firefighting systems refers to Gas extinguishing systems extract below:

#### Section 13.220.20 Fire protection

*This document contains specific requirements for gaseous fire-extinguishing systems, with respect to the HFC-227ea extinguishant. It includes details of physical properties, specification, usage and safety aspects.*

*This document covers systems operating at nominal pressures of 25 bar, 42 bar and 50 bar with nitrogen propellant. This does not preclude the use of other systems.*

Table 6: Maximum volume coverage in m<sup>3</sup> for HFC-227ea for different concentrations

| Concentration:      | 6.7 % |      |      | 7.0 % |      |      | 9.0 % |      |      |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|
| Temperature<br>[°C] | 1 kg  | 2 kg | 4 kg | 1 kg  | 2 kg | 4 kg | 1 kg  | 2 kg | 4 kg |
| -20                 | 1.63  | 3.26 | 6.51 | 1.55  | 3.11 | 6.21 | 1.18  | 2.36 | 4.73 |
| -15                 | 1.66  | 3.33 | 6.65 | 1.59  | 3.17 | 6.35 | 1.21  | 2.41 | 4.83 |
| -10                 | 1.69  | 3.38 | 6.77 | 1.61  | 3.23 | 6.46 | 1.23  | 2.46 | 4.91 |
| -5                  | 1.73  | 3.46 | 6.91 | 1.65  | 3.30 | 6.60 | 1.25  | 2.51 | 5.02 |
| 0                   | 1.77  | 3.53 | 7.06 | 1.68  | 3.37 | 6.74 | 1.28  | 2.56 | 5.13 |
| 5                   | 1.80  | 3.60 | 7.21 | 1.72  | 3.44 | 6.88 | 1.31  | 2.62 | 5.23 |
| 10                  | 1.84  | 3.68 | 7.35 | 1.75  | 3.51 | 7.01 | 1.33  | 2.67 | 5.34 |
| 15                  | 1.88  | 3.75 | 7.50 | 1.79  | 3.58 | 7.16 | 1.36  | 2.72 | 5.45 |
| 20                  | 1.91  | 3.82 | 7.65 | 1.82  | 3.65 | 7.30 | 1.39  | 2.78 | 5.55 |
| 25                  | 1.95  | 3.90 | 7.79 | 1.86  | 3.72 | 7.43 | 1.41  | 2.83 | 5.66 |
| 30                  | 1.98  | 3.97 | 7.94 | 1.89  | 3.79 | 7.57 | 1.44  | 2.88 | 5.76 |
| 35                  | 2.02  | 4.04 | 8.08 | 1.93  | 3.85 | 7.71 | 1.47  | 2.93 | 5.86 |
| 40                  | 2.06  | 4.11 | 8.22 | 1.96  | 3.92 | 7.84 | 1.49  | 2.98 | 5.97 |
| 45                  | 2.09  | 4.18 | 8.37 | 2.00  | 3.99 | 7.98 | 1.52  | 3.04 | 6.07 |
| 50                  | 2.13  | 4.25 | 8.51 | 2.03  | 4.06 | 8.11 | 1.54  | 3.09 | 6.18 |
| 55                  | 2.16  | 4.33 | 8.65 | 2.06  | 4.13 | 8.25 | 1.57  | 3.14 | 6.28 |

Table 7: Design concentrations of FK-5-1-12 according to NFPA 2001 (2022) and FM 4-9 (2018)

|                                   |     |                         |     |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-------------------------|-----|
| Class A Fires                     |     | 4.5                     |     |
| Energized Electrical Fires <480 V |     | 4.5                     |     |
| Energized Electrical Fires ≥480 V |     | 10.0*                   |     |
| Class B and C Fires               |     |                         |     |
| 1-Butane                          | 6.4 | Isopropanol Alcohol     | 6.4 |
| 1-Propanol                        | 7.0 | Methane                 | 7.3 |
| 2-butoxyethanol                   | 6.8 | Methanol                | 8.5 |
| Acetone                           | 5.6 | Methyl Ethyl Ketone     | 5.9 |
| Acetonitrile                      | 4.2 | Methyl Isobutyl Ketone  | 5.7 |
| Commercial Heptane                | 5.7 | Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether | 6.0 |
| Commercial Hexanes                | 5.6 | n-Heptane               | 5.9 |
| Cyclohexane                       | 5.9 | n-Pentane               | 6.1 |
| Cyclopentanone                    | 6.0 | Propane                 | 7.5 |
| Denatured Alcohol                 | 6.9 | Pyrrolidine             | 6.1 |
| Diesel fuel                       | 4.4 | Tetrahydrofuran         | 6.5 |
| Diethyl Ether                     | 6.4 | Toluene                 | 4.6 |
| Ethanol                           | 7.2 | Transformer Oil         | 5.9 |
| Ethyl Acetate                     | 6.1 | 2,2,4-trimethylpentane  | 6.1 |
| Gasoline-87 Octane Unleaded       | 5.9 | Isooctane               | 6.1 |
| Hexene                            | 6.0 |                         |     |

For applications with different design concentration required use the BlazeCut Tool Calculator or contact the supplier of the system.

Table 8: Design concentrations of FK-5-1-12 according to BS EN 15004-2:2020

| Fire Class       | Concentration |
|------------------|---------------|
| Class A Standard | 5.3 %         |
| Class A Higher   | 5.6 %         |
| Class B          | 5.9 %         |

Table 9: Maximum volume coverage in m<sup>3</sup> with 4.5 % design concentration for FK-5-1-12

| Temperature<br>[°C] | 1.25 kg | 2.5 kg | 5 kg |
|---------------------|---------|--------|------|
| -20                 | 1.62    | 3.23   | 6.46 |
| -15                 | 1.65    | 3.30   | 6.61 |
| -10                 | 1.69    | 3.38   | 6.75 |
| -5                  | 1.73    | 3.45   | 6.90 |
| 0                   | 1.76    | 3.52   | 7.05 |
| 5                   | 1.80    | 3.60   | 7.19 |
| 10                  | 1.83    | 3.67   | 7.34 |
| 15                  | 1.87    | 3.74   | 7.48 |
| 20                  | 1.91    | 3.81   | 7.63 |
| 25                  | 1.94    | 3.89   | 7.77 |
| 30                  | 1.98    | 3.96   | 7.92 |
| 35                  | 2.02    | 4.03   | 8.06 |
| 40                  | 2.05    | 4.11   | 8.21 |
| 45                  | 2.09    | 4.18   | 8.36 |
| 50                  | 2.13    | 4.25   | 8.50 |
| 55                  | 2.16    | 4.32   | 8.65 |
| 60                  | 2.20    | 4.40   | 8.79 |

### 3.1.1 MAXIMUM VOLTAGE APPLICATION



BlazeCut recommends where the system is installed into applications above 480 V, a risk assessment must be completed and that the application is immediately de-energized via the use of a pressure switch.

Metal components (e.g., pressure gauge, fittings) shall be kept clear from the protected electrical equipment. Any BlazeCut system electrical components (e.g., pressure switch) in close vicinity to high voltage equipment shall be grounded. This must be carried out by a qualified electrical contractor.

Referencing below the NFPA 2001:2018 Standards Article 5.4.2.5.1 (Article 7.2.2.4.2 in 2022 revision)

*The minimum design concentration for spaces containing energized electrical hazards supplied at greater than 480 volts that remain powered during and after discharge shall be determined by a hazard analysis and testing, as necessary.*



For applications above 480 V, as each application is unique and requires a hazard analysis/risk assessment, the user/installer is responsible for any testing, if required.

Please contact BlazeCut for a copy of our hazard analysis/risk assessment form.

Referencing below FM Global Data sheet 4-9 (OCT 2018) Article 2.2.2.2.B

*When the electrical equipment is not de-energized upon activation of the clean agent extinguishing system or has a time-delayed power disconnect, provide the minimum design concentration for an energized electrical fire (Class C – US classification) in accordance with Table 1 for the applicable equipment voltage. If the electrical equipment is not de-energized before the clean agent concentration falls below the minimum design value shown in Table 1 ([Table 10](#)), reignition is expected.*



**Table 10: Minimum Design Concentrations according to FM Global 4-9**

| Agent     | Minimum Design Concentration, % |                      |                    |                                   |
|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
|           | Class A                         | Class B <sup>1</sup> | Class C,<br><480 V | Class C,<br>≥480 V <sup>2,3</sup> |
| FK-5-1-12 | 4.5                             | 5.9                  | 4.5                | 10                                |
| HFC-125   | 9.7                             | 11.3                 | 9.0                | 20                                |
| HFC-227ea | 6.7                             | 8.7                  | 7.0                | 12                                |
| HFC-23    | 18                              | 19.5                 | 20.3               | Not tested <sup>3</sup>           |
| IG-01     | 38.0                            | 52.5                 | 42.8               | Not tested <sup>3</sup>           |
| IG-55     | 37.9                            | 39.1                 | 42.7               | Not tested <sup>3</sup>           |
| IG-100    | 37.2                            | 43.7                 | 41.9               | Not tested <sup>3</sup>           |
| IG-541    | 34.2                            | 40.6                 | 38.5               | 57                                |

<sup>1</sup> Class B values are for hydrocarbon fuels similar to n-Heptane. Class B minimum design concentrations will vary for other ignitable liquid fuels, based on the information provided in the manufacturer's design, installation, operation, and maintenance manual.

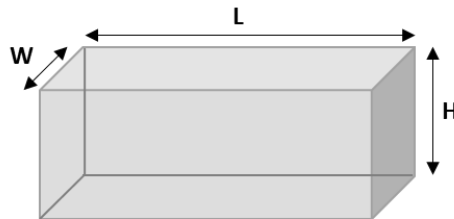
<sup>2</sup> These higher concentrations need to be reviewed for restrictions when used in normally occupied areas. See Section 3.2.4 and Table 5 for information regarding No Observed Adverse Effects Limit (NOAEL) and Lowest Observed Adverse Effects Limit (LOAEL).

<sup>3</sup> FM Global conducted testing that indicates higher agent concentrations are needed for high-energy arcing faults. Only certain clean agents were tested. Refer to Section 3.3 for additional information on this testing. Where an agent is listed as "not tested," additional testing is necessary if the clean agent system is intended to protect energized electrical hazards greater than 480 volts that remain energized following discharge. Do not use an agent to protect high-energy electrical hazards if this testing has not been conducted.

## IMPORTANT!

Please note the recommended increased agent concentration for Application higher than 480 V is by FM Global for Class C (US classification), Electrical applications. Please refer to FM Global for further information.

### 3.1.2 CALCULATION OF REQUIRED AGENT



$$V = W * L * H \quad (1)$$

$V$  – compartment volume [m<sup>3</sup>]

$W$  – width [m]

$L$  – length [m]

$H$  – height [m]

Determine the required agent quantity for hazard protection with the desired concentration. The agent amount is dependent on two major factors: lowest ambient temperature in the protected enclosure and design concentration required for the type of hazard.

$$S = k_1 + k_2 \times t \quad (2)$$

$S$  – specific volume of the superheated agent vapor at 1 atmosphere and at temperature  $t$  [m<sup>3</sup>/kg]

$t$  – minimum anticipated temperature of the protected volume [°C]

**for HFC-227ea:**

$$k_1 = 0.1269 \quad k_2 = 0.0005$$

**for FK-5-1-12:**

$$k_1 = 0.0664 \quad k_2 = 0.0002741$$

$$Q = \frac{V}{S} \times \frac{C}{100 - C} \quad (3)$$

$Q$  – agent quantity [kg]

$V$  – compartment volume [m<sup>3</sup>]

$C$  – agent volumetric concentration at the given ambient temperature  $t$  [%]

## Calculation example of required agent HFC-227ea:

Given values for an enclosure with Class A fire:

$$V_t = 6.5 \text{ m}^3 \quad t = 10 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \quad C = 6.7 \%$$

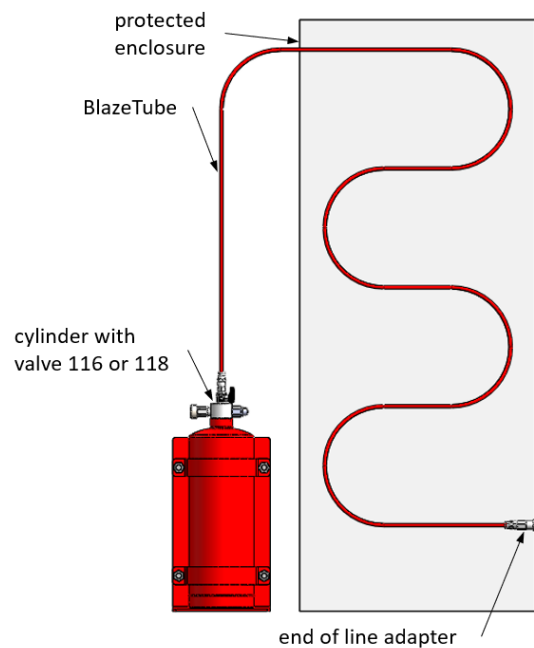
$$Q = \frac{V_t}{S} \times \frac{C}{100 - C} = \frac{6.5}{0.1269 + 0.0005 \times 10} \times \frac{6.7}{100 - 6.7} = 3.54 \text{ kg}$$

Recommended system: CEA1xx-4-x

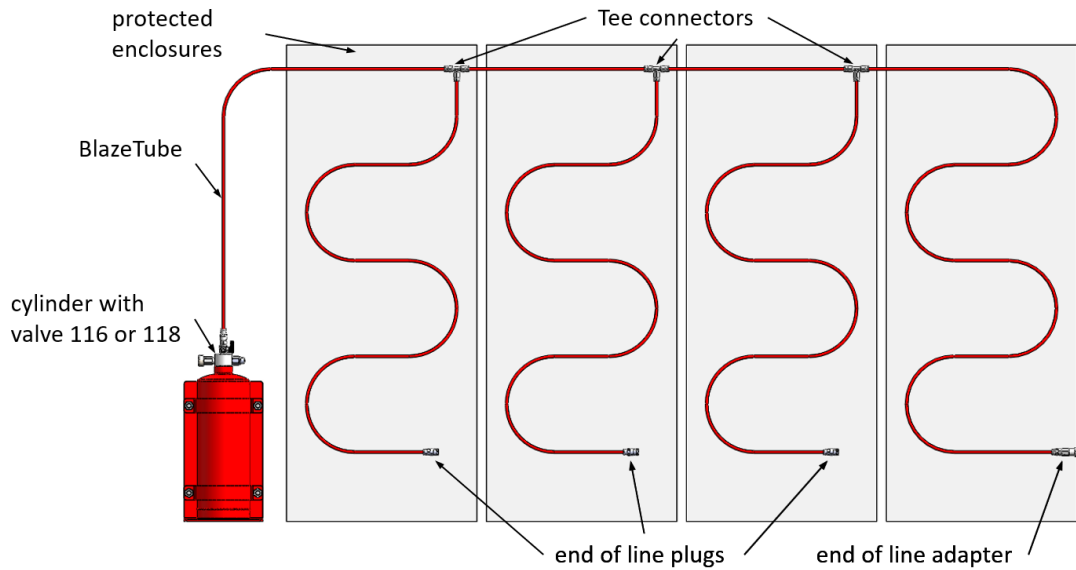
### 3.1.3 DESIGN OF BLAZETUBE DETECTION

Maximum volume of protected enclosure by single system:

1. [Table 6](#) for HFC-227ea systems
2. [Table 9](#) for FK-5-1-12 systems
3. For custom agent concentrations use BlazeCut Design Calculator

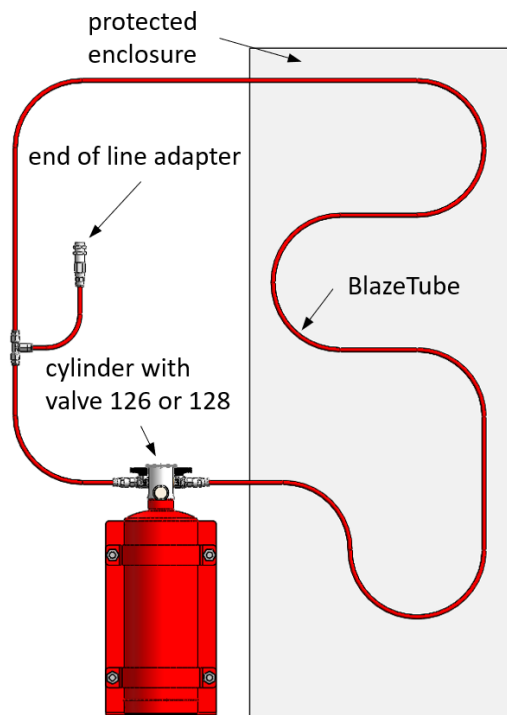


*Example 1: one enclosure – system with the valve type 116 or 118*

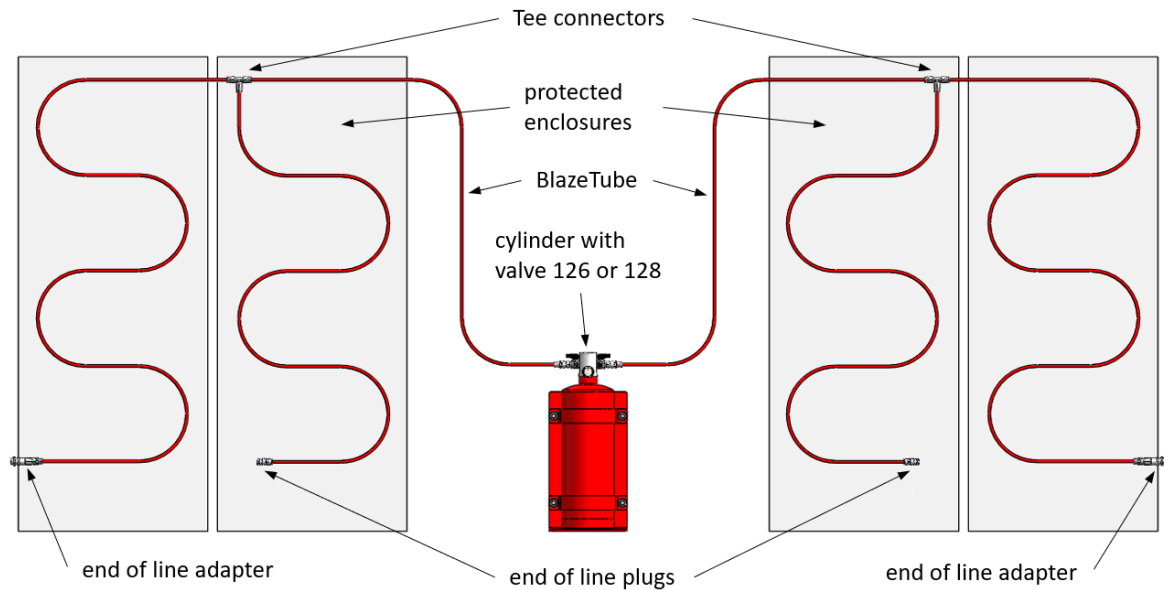


*Example 2: multiple enclosures – system with the valve type 116 or 118; the detection tube is branched. It is suitable for installations with separate enclosures that are situated side by side.*

With installation in Example 2 in case of fire and release of the extinguishing agent to one protected enclosure, the other enclosures remain unprotected.



*Example 3: one enclosure – system with the valve type 126 or 128 (valves with two outlets), the BlazeTube detection forms a loop. This method secures flow of the extinguishing agent to disruption point from two outlets which secures faster discharge of the extinguishing agent.*



*Example 4: multiple enclosures – system with the valve type 126 or 128 (valves with two outlets). It is suitable for installations with separate enclosures that are situated on two sides.*

With installation in Example 4 in case of fire and release of the extinguishing agent to one protected enclosure, the other enclosures remain unprotected.

Method of installation consult with the supplier of BlazeCut system.

## 3.2 ISO 9094 REQUIREMENTS

When protecting a space containing a combustion engine there shall be a device, manual or automatic, that shuts down the engine before or during the discharge or activation.

Prior to or during system discharge, the manual and/or automatic shutdown of engines, generators, forced ventilation, or other permanently installed equipment which could compromise the levels of extinguishing medium in the protected area, shall be installed.

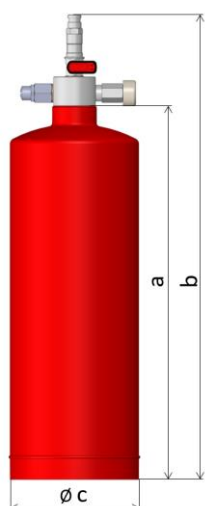
Where equipment shutdown as described above cannot guarantee that extinguishing medium design concentration can be maintained, shut-off dampers closing the ventilation ducts shall be installed.

For automatic systems having a single external power source, a means to indicate to the craft occupants that the power supply is active shall be installed.

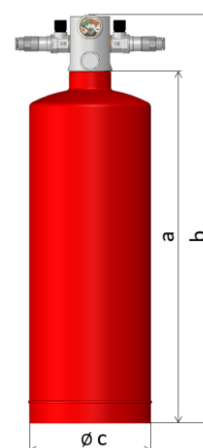
## 4 COMPONENTS OF THE SYSTEM AND THEIR DESCRIPTION

### 4.1 CYLINDERS FOR EXTINGUISHING AGENT

Depending on the system configuration and the necessary amount of the extinguishing agent, different size cylinders filled with the necessary amount of extinguishing agent may be used. The set size and selected parameters of normally used cylinders and valves are shown in pictures and [Table 11](#).



Cylinder with a valve 116 or 118



Cylinder with a valve 126 or 128

**Table 11: Parameters and dimensions of cylinders including a cylinder valve**

| Cylinder volume [L] | Valve | a [mm] | b [mm] | Ø c [mm] | M* [kg] | Standard agent fill [kg]          | Agent amount range [kg]  |
|---------------------|-------|--------|--------|----------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1.2                 | 116   | 245    | 323    | 90       | 1.42    | 1 (HFC-227ea)<br>1.25 (FK-5-1-12) | HFC-227ea:<br>0.5 – 1    |
| 1.2                 | 118   | 245    | 323    | 90       | 1.43    |                                   | FK-5-1-12:<br>0.6 – 1.25 |
| 2.4                 | 116   | 319.5  | 397.5  | 110      | 1.90    | 2 (HFC-227ea)<br>2.5 (FK-5-1-12)  | HFC-227ea:<br>1 – 2      |
| 2.4                 | 118   | 319.5  | 397.5  | 110      | 1.91    |                                   | FK-5-1-12:<br>1.2 – 2.5  |
| 2.4                 | 126   | 319.5  | 369.5  | 110      | 2.18    |                                   |                          |
| 2.4                 | 128   | 319.5  | 369.5  | 110      | 2.19    | 4 (HFC-227ea)<br>5 (FK-5-1-12)    | HFC-227ea:<br>2 – 4      |
| 5.0                 | 116   | 348    | 426    | 150      | 2.85    |                                   | FK-5-1-12:<br>2.5 – 5    |
| 5.0                 | 118   | 348    | 426    | 150      | 2.85    |                                   |                          |
| 5.0                 | 126   | 348    | 398    | 150      | 3.12    |                                   | HFC-227ea:<br>2 – 4      |
| 5.0                 | 128   | 348    | 398    | 150      | 3.13    |                                   |                          |

\*Weight of the empty cylinder with the valve and without the extinguishing agent, tolerance  $\pm 0.05$  kg

**Table 12: Cylinders parameters**

| Parameter             | Description                                |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Certification         | 2014/68/EU                                 |
| Material              | steel DC04 EN10130                         |
| Surface treatment     | high resistant powder coating              |
| Neck ring             | stainless steel 316L AISI/EN 1.4435/1.4404 |
| Inside surface        | polymer coating                            |
| Max. working pressure | PS 20 bar at 60 °C                         |
| Working temperature   | -30 to +60 °C                              |
| Testing pressure      | PT 30 bar                                  |
| Colour                | red RAL 3000                               |



System model: CFK1xx  
System kit: CFK1xx-2.5-x  
Cylinder volume: 2.4 L  
Amount of agent: 2.5 kg  
Serial number: 0000001  
Production week: 01-2024

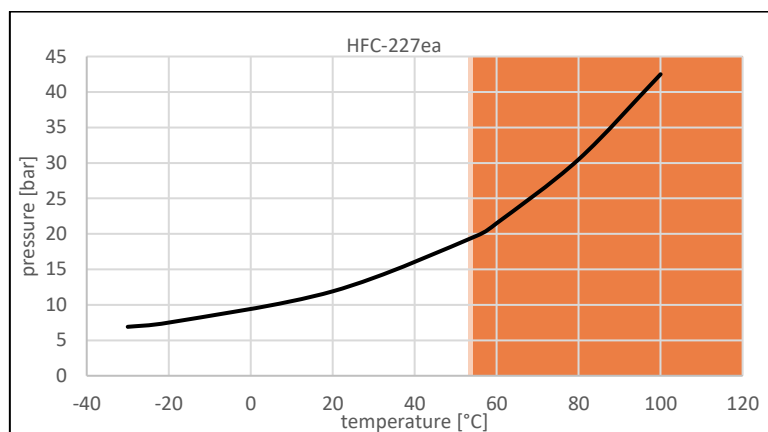
Cylinder label with model designation and production data

The cylinder is used for storage of extinguishing agent and expellant gas. The expellant gas is required to release the agent through the nozzle and also assists in the stabilization of pressure in the cylinder. Pressure in the cylinder will vary depending on the ambient temperature (see graph below). The amount of the extinguishing agent and its fill pressure are indicated on the label of the cylinder. Cylinders with HFC-227ea arrive **pressurised**

as standard, while cylinders with FK-5-1-12 are **unpressurised** but can be delivered pressurised at customer's request.

## 4.1.1 SYSTEMS WITH EXTINGUISHING AGENT HFC-227EA USED – C(EA)(116, 118, 126, 128)

Extinguishing agent in the cylinder is in form of liquefied gas. The cylinder is pressurised with nitrogen gas under pressure of 12 bar at temperature 20 °C.



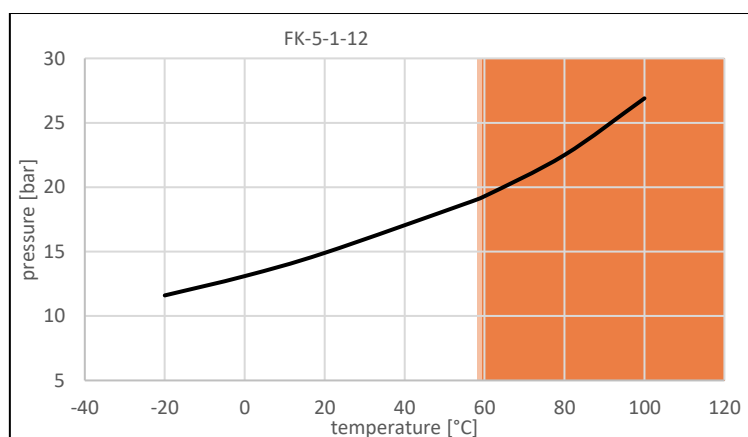
*The relationship between temperature and pressure in the cylinder for HFC-227ea*

**Table 13: Values of pressure in the cylinder at given temperatures**

| Temperature [°C] | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10   | 20   | 30   | 40   | 50   | 55   |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Pressure [bar]   | 8   | 8.5 | 9.2 | 10.4 | 12.0 | 13.3 | 15.3 | 18.1 | 20.0 |

## 4.1.2 SYSTEMS WITH EXTINGUISHING AGENT FK-5-1-12 USED – CFK (116, 118, 126, 128)

Extinguishing agent in the cylinder is in liquid form. The cylinder is pressurised with nitrogen gas under pressure of 15 bar at temperature 20 °C.



*The relationship between temperature and pressure in the cylinder for FK-5-1-12*

**Table 14: Values of pressure in the cylinder at given temperatures**

| Temperature [°C] | -20 | -10  | 0    | 10   | 20   | 30   | 40   | 50   | 60   |
|------------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Pressure [bar]   | 12  | 12.4 | 12.9 | 13.9 | 15.0 | 16.1 | 17.3 | 18.6 | 20.0 |

## 4.1.3 WARNINGS



In case of a significant difference between the actual pressure in the system with the data on the cylinder label, conduct an inspection of the system.



Do not install the cylinder, if an incorrect pressure is detected in the cylinder during inspection (i.e., pressure is significantly different from the values stated on the label).



The cylinder of the system is under constant pressure. Do not damage, puncture or throw the cylinder. During transfer or transport, secure the cylinder to avoid tipping, rolling, or rubbing against other objects or the ground. Do not mend or solder a damaged cylinder, it must be replaced.



During storage, separate empty cylinders from fully charged cylinders and appropriately label their storage area. Do not store or transport in the vicinity of strong sources of heat, aggressive chemical (caustic, corrosive) substances, prevent contact with sharp objects, vibrations or loading with other objects. Store in dry and well-ventilated rooms.



Do not expose the cylinder to extreme heat or direct sunlight if possible. Heating the surface of the cylinder may significantly increase pressure in the cylinder.



Always handle the cylinder as if it was under pressure, unless it is directly verified that it is completely empty (e.g., by pressing the Schrader valve in the M10x1 pressure gauge outlet on the cylinder valve; the value of the pressure on the pressure gauge may be incorrect or the pressure gauge may be malfunctioning).

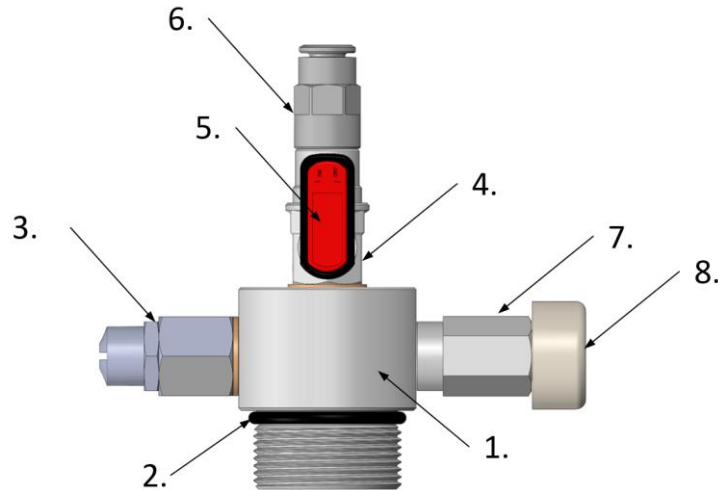


Transportation of equipment under pressure by transportation vehicles is governed by specific legislation. Seek information and follow corresponding security requirements during transportation depending on the method of transport.

## 4.2 CYLINDER VALVES

The cylinder valve is assembled and is part of the charged cylinder when the BlazeCut system is supplied. The valve is closed by an external ball valve, which holds the pressure in the cylinder. The ball valve can be opened once the BlazeTube is installed and connected with the supplied end-of-line adapter or plug.

### 4.2.1 VALVES 116 AND 118 WITH ONE BLAZETUBE OUTLET Ø 6 OR Ø 8 MM



Side view of the cylinder valve 116, 118 and connecting components

1. Body of the cylinder valve 116, 118
2. O-ring seal of the cylinder valve
3. G1/8" outlet with a pressure relief valve APR001 or APR003 and a bonded seal FVG002
4. G1/8" agent discharge outlet with a ball valve ABV001 and a bonded seal FVG002
5. Removable lever of the ball valve
6. BlazeTube outlet connector FBT1BP026 (valve 116) or FBT1BP028 (valve 118) for the BlazeTube detection
7. G1/8" outlet with a valve adaptor FVABM0210 (G1/8" to M10x1) – comes with pre-installed pressure gauge 8. as standard
8. Pressure gauge APG001 (for HFC-227ea) or APG002 (for FK-5-1-12) with an O-ring, thread M10x1

### 4.2.2 WARNINGS



Prevent the cylinder valve from damage and impact. Do not lift the cylinder holding it by the cylinder valve or by other components connected to the valve. Always store and transport cylinders with the valve facing upwards.



Do not try to remove the cylinder valve if the cylinder is under pressure. Prevent the cylinder valve from damage and impact. Do not lift the cylinder by holding it by the cylinder valve or by other components of the system. Always store and transport cylinders with the valve facing upwards.



The valve is mounted on the cylinder by a specific tightening torque. Do not tighten or release the valve. If leak is detected on the connector of the valve and the cylinder join, the charged cylinder cannot be used.

Table 15: Parameters of valves 116 and 118

| Valve type | Total valve height | Valve height w/o the cylinder thread | Cylinder thread | Dip tube thread | Pressure gauge thread | BlazeTube Detection outlet | Ball valve outlet |
|------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 116        | 94 mm              | 78 mm                                | M30x1.5         | M16x1.5         | M10x1                 | Ø 6 mm                     | G1/8"             |
| 118        | 99 mm              | 78 mm                                | M30x1.5         | M16x1.5         | M10x1                 | Ø 8 mm                     | G1/8"             |

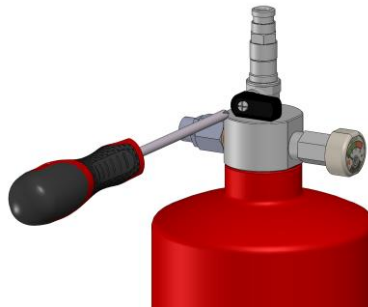
## 4.2.3 BLAZETUBE DETECTION OUTLET

The BlazeTube connector with  $\varnothing 6$  (valve 116) or  $\varnothing 8$  mm (valve 118) outlet is coupled with a small ball valve mounted on the top valve outlet with a thread G1/8". The ball valve is closed when supplied and must only be opened after pressurisation of the BlazeTube detection, for the system to become fully functional.

For safety reasons cylinders under pressure must be protected against accidental activation by removal of the lever of the ball valve during transportation of the cylinder. Install the lever when required during installation of the BlazeTube detection by using the supplied parts – lever body, lever cover, screw. During the installation of the ball valve lever, follow the steps listed below. To uninstall the ball valve lever, remove the red cover by pushing its pin on the back and follow the steps in reverse to the installation.



*Ball valve without a lever*



*Use a screwdriver for mounting*



*Place the red cover on the lever*

## 4.2.4 WARNINGS



Do not try to remove the BlazeTube detection ball valve connector from the cylinder valve if the system is under pressure. This will cause the cylinder valve to activate and discharge the agent.



Always remove the lever of the ball valve during transportation of cylinders which are under pressure.

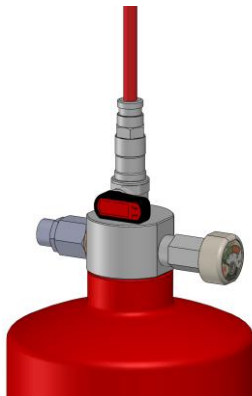


Do not open the ball valve of the BlazeTube detection outlet connector before the installation and pressurisation of the BlazeTube, the extinguishing agent will be released. Protect the ball valve from accidental opening during transportation and handling of the cylinder. Follow the instructions for transportation of the cylinder.

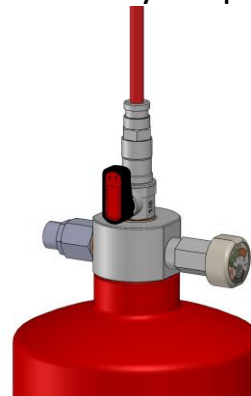
The ball valve of the BlazeTube detection outlet connector can only be opened after completing the following:



- the cylinder of the system is properly fastened,
- the system is completely installed,
- the BlazeTube detection is properly connected to the valve and to the end-of-line adapter,
- the end-of-line adapter is properly mounted and secured with a P-clamp,
- the BlazeTube detection is pressurised to 1 bar above the current cylinder pressure.

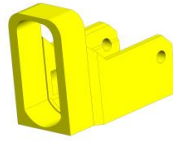


*Ball valve is closed*

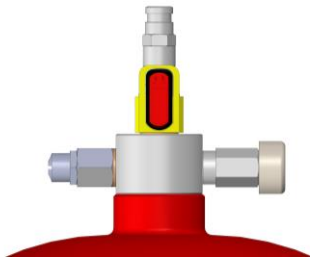


*Ball valve is open*

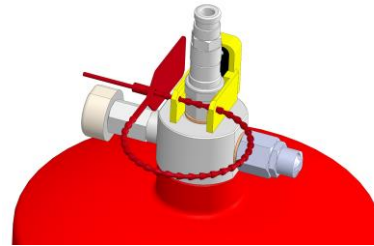
To prevent unintentional switch of the ball valve lever to closed position, install the ball valve anti tamper safety lock ABL001 and a plastic lock seal ALS001.



*Ball valve anti tamper safety lock ABL001*



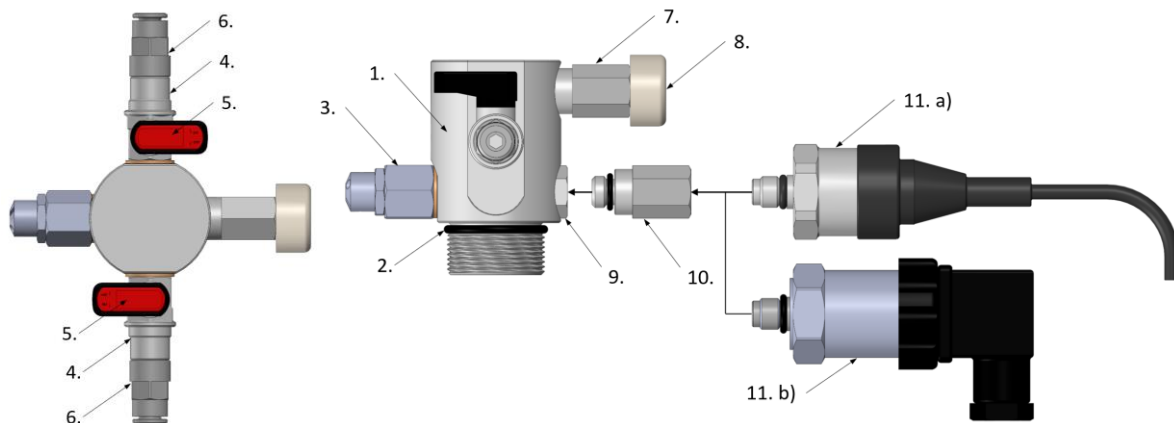
*Installed ball valve anti tamper safety lock*



*Installed plastic lock seal*

Put the ball valve anti tamper safety lock in position so that the front face of it and the front face of the ball valve lever are in plane. To secure the ball valve anti tamper safety lock, insert a plastic lock seal through the two holes on the ball valve anti tamper safety lock. Fasten the lock seal tightly.

#### 4.2.5 VALVE 126 AND 128 WITH TWO BLAZETUBE DETECTIONS Ø 6 OR Ø 8 MM



*Top (left) and side view (right) of the cylinder valve 126, 128 and connecting components*

1. Body of the cylinder valve 126, 128
2. O-ring seal of the cylinder valve
3. G1/8" outlet with a pressure relief valve APR001 or APR003 and a bonded seal FVG002
4. G1/8" agent discharge outlet with a ball valve ABV001 and a bonded seal FVG002
5. Removable lever of the ball valve
6. BlazeTube outlet connector FBT1BP026 (valve 126) or FBT1BP028 (valve 128)
7. G1/8" outlet with a valve adaptor FVABM0210 (G1/8" to M10x1) – comes with pre-installed pressure gauge 8. as standard
8. Pressure gauge APG001 (for HFC-227ea) or APG002 (for FK-5-1-12) with an O-ring, thread M10x1
9. G1/8" outlet with a sealing plug FVP1B02 with an O-ring; can be replaced with an adaptor FVABM0210 10. (G1/8" to M10x1) for use with 11. a) or 11. b)
10. G1/8" to M10x1 adaptor FVABM0210 – optional component
11. Pressure monitoring components
  - a) Pressure Transducer ATA100
  - b) Pressure Switch APS001

## NOTE

*The adaptor FVABM0210 for the outlet 9. has to be installed on an unpressurised cylinder only.*

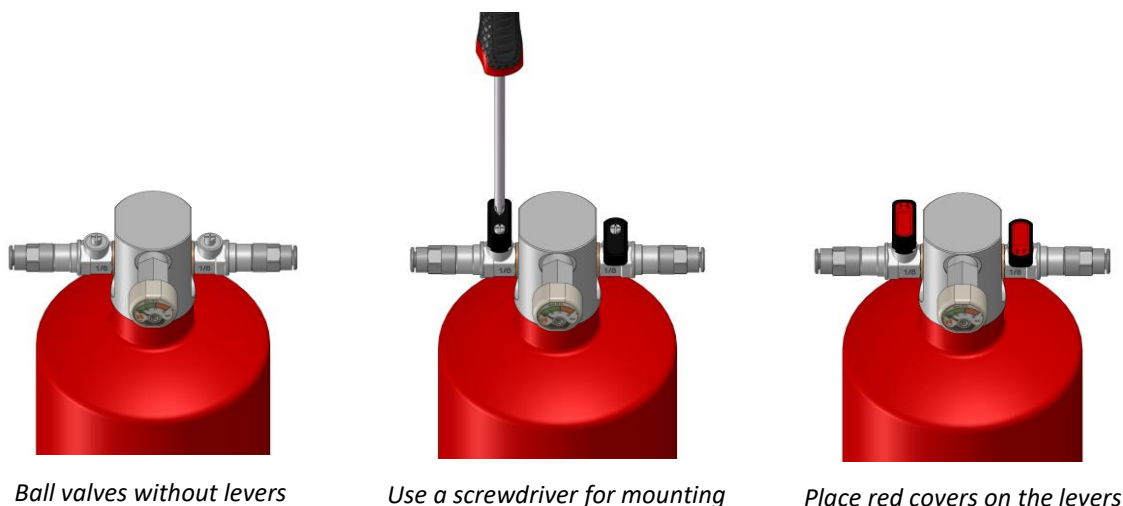
Table 16: Parameters of the valves 126 and 128

| Valve type | Total valve height | Height of the valve without the cylinder thread | Cylinder thread | Dip tube thread | Pressure gauge thread | BlazeTube Detection outlet | Ball valve outlet |
|------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 126        | 66 mm              | 50 mm                                           | M30x1.5         | M16x1.5         | M10x1                 | 2 x Ø 6 mm                 | 2 x G1/8"         |
| 128        | 66 mm              | 50 mm                                           | M30x1.5         | M16x1.5         | M10x1                 | 2 x Ø 8 mm                 | 2 x G1/8"         |

### 4.2.6 BLAZETUBE DETECTION OUTLET

The BlazeTube connectors with Ø 6 (valve 126) or Ø 8 mm (valve 128) outlets are coupled with a small ball valve mounted on the side valve outlets with a thread G1/8". The ball valves are closed when supplied and must only be opened after pressurisation of the BlazeTube detection, for the system to become fully functional.

For safety reasons cylinders under pressure must be protected against accidental activation by removal of the lever of the ball valve during transportation of the cylinder. Install the lever during installation of the BlazeTube detection by using the supplied parts – lever body, lever cover, screw. During installation proceed as shown on the figures below. To uninstall the valve, pray off the red cover with a flathead screwdriver and follow the steps backwards of installation.



### 4.2.7 WARNINGS



**Do not try to remove the BlazeTube detection ball valve connector from the cylinder valve if the system is under pressure. This will cause the cylinder valve to activate and discharge the agent.**



**Always remove the lever of the ball valve during transportation of cylinders which are under pressure.**

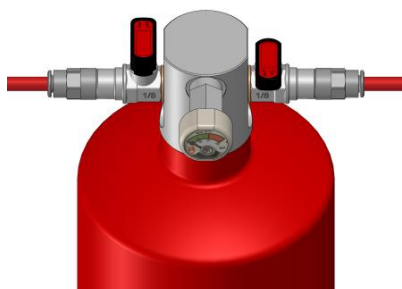


**Do not open the ball valve of the BlazeTube detection outlet connector before the installation and pressurisation of the BlazeTube, the extinguishing agent will be released. Protect the ball valve from accidental opening during transportation and handling of the cylinder. Follow the instructions for transportation of the cylinder.**

The ball valve of the BlazeTube detection connector can only be opened after completing the following:



- the cylinder of the system is properly fastened,
- the system is completely installed,
- the BlazeTube detection is properly connected on the valve and to the end-of-line adapter,
- the end-of-line adapter is properly mounted and secured with a P-clamp,
- the BlazeTube detection is pressurised to 1 bar above the current cylinder pressure,
- if using only one BlazeTube detection on a 126 or 128 valve, unused outlet must be sealed by a valve plug (see Chapter [8.3.1](#)).

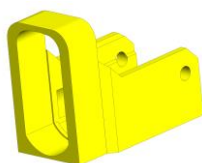


*Ball valves are closed*

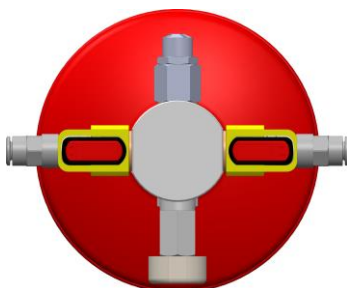


*Ball valves are open*

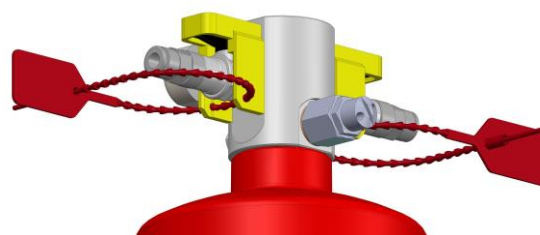
To prevent unintentional switch of the ball valve lever to closed position, install the ball valve anti tamper safety lock ABL001 and a plastic lock seal ALS001.



*Ball valve anti tamper safety lock ABL001*



*Installed ball valve anti tamper safety locks*

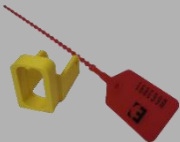


*Installed plastic lock seal*

Put the ball valve anti tamper safety lock in position so that the front face of it and the front face of the ball valve lever are in plane. To secure the ball valve anti tamper safety lock, insert a plastic lock seal through the two holes on the ball valve anti tamper safety lock. Fasten the lock seal tightly.

**Table 17: Parts for the cylinder valve**

| Picture                                                                             | Part №    | Description                                                                   | Material                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|  | FVABM0210 | valve adaptor G1/8" - M10x1 with internal Schrader valve, includes M10x1 plug | stainless steel, EPDM sealing |

|                                                                                     |         |                                                                                                 |                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
|    | APR001  | pressure relief valve for ILP/DLP valves,<br>22 bar set pressure, G1/8"                         | stainless steel,<br>EPDM sealing                     |
|    | APR003  | pressure relief valve for ILP/DLP valves,<br>25 bar set pressure, G1/8"                         | nickel-plated<br>brass,<br>EPDM sealing              |
|    | FVP1B02 | valve plug G1/8"                                                                                | stainless steel<br>EPDM sealing                      |
|    | FVP1M10 | valve plug M10x1                                                                                | stainless steel<br>EPDM sealing                      |
|   | FVG002  | bonded seal, 1/8", used with ball valve<br>ABV001 and pressure relief valve<br>APR001 or APR003 | stainless-steel,<br>EPDM seal                        |
|  | ABV001  | ball valve G1/8" to G1/8"                                                                       | chrome nickel-<br>plated brass body,<br>EPDM sealing |
|  | ABL001  | Ball valve anti tamper safety lock with<br>lock seal                                            | plastic                                              |

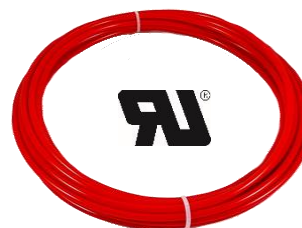
## 4.3 BLAZETUBE DETECTION

The BlazeTube detection is a linear indicator of fire and also distribution tube for application of the agent into the protected enclosure. During installation, the tube is pressurised with nitrogen gas and during operation of the system it is under constant pressure. Pressure in the tube and in the cylinder is the same during the operation of the system. During fire, the BlazeTube detection degrades by direct effect of fire or high temperature at any place whereby disrupting the BlazeTube in the place of direct effect of fire or the highest temperature and releasing entire content of the cylinder through the created "nozzle". This system is independent of any electrical supply and operates solely on physical principles.

The time taken to cause the rupture of the BlazeTube detection may vary and depends on the pressure in the tube, which is affected by the level of pressurisation in the system and ambient temperature. The higher the pressure in the BlazeTube detection, the sooner the BlazeTube detection ruptures and activates the system.

**Table 18: BlazeTube detection parameters**

| Parameter              | Property                       |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| material               | special heat sensitive plastic |
| colour                 | red (RAL3000)                  |
| outside diameter       | 6 mm or 8 mm                   |
| operating temperature  | -30 °C to +110 °C              |
| activation temperature | about 144 °C or 129 °C         |
| life span              | up to 10 years                 |



*BlazeTube Detection*

**Table 19: BlazeTube detection size selection chart – parameters**

| DLP features                                               | 6 mm | 8 mm             |
|------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------------|
| minimum bending radius 100 mm                              | ✓    | ✓                |
| faster discharge required in design                        | ✗    | ✓                |
| 144 °C discharge                                           | ✓    | ✗                |
| 129 °C discharge                                           | ✗    | ✓                |
| expected agent loss via ventilation                        | ✓    | ✓                |
|                                                            |      | preferred option |
| installed agent amount close to calculated required amount | ✗    | ✓                |

**Table 20: BlazeTube detection size selection chart – applications**

| DLP Example Applications                    | 6 mm | 8 mm |
|---------------------------------------------|------|------|
| electrical cabinets no forced ventilation   | ✓    | ✓    |
| electrical cabinets with forced ventilation | ✓    | ✓    |
| fuse boxes                                  | ✓    | ✓    |
| server racks                                | ✓    | ✓    |
| enclosed electrical devices                 | ✓    | ✓    |
| car engine compartments                     | ✗    | ✓    |
| equipment with combustion engines           | ✗    | ✓    |

**Table 21: Compatibility with selected common chemicals**

| Name                     | Status | Name                           | Status |
|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|
| Sodium Hydroxide, 35 %   | OK     | Standard fuel with alcohol     | OK     |
| Ammonium Hydroxide, 10 % | OK     | Standard fuel without alcohol  | OK     |
| Isopropyl alcohol        | OK     | Sodium Carbonate, 20 %         | OK     |
| Ethanol                  | OK     | Sodium Hypochlorite, 10 %      | OK     |
| Methanol                 | OK     | Sodium Chloride, 10 %          | OK     |
| Diethyl ether            | OK     | Zinc Chloride, 50 %            | OK     |
| Acetone                  | OK     | Citric Acid, 10 %              | OK     |
| Toluene                  | OK     | Acetic Acid, 5 %               | OK     |
| Hexane                   | OK     | Sulfuric Acid, 38 %            | OK     |
| iso-Octane               | OK     | Lactic Acid, 10 %              | OK     |
| Insulating Oil           | OK     | Ethylene Glycol in water, 50 % | OK     |
| Multi-grade motor oil    | OK     | Hydrogen peroxide              | OK     |
| Hypoid gear oil          | OK     | Ethyl Acetate                  | OK     |
| Diesel fuel              | OK     | Water                          | OK     |

**Table 22: Types of BlazeTube detection**

| Part №      | Description                                                      |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ABT144-6-UL | UL certified 6 mm BlazeTube 144 °C, suits to valve type 116, 126 |
| ABT129-8-UL | UL certified 8 mm BlazeTube 129 °C, suits to valve type 118, 128 |

**Table 23: BlazeTube detection standard kits**

| Part №           | Description                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| KABT144-6-UL-005 | Standard kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 5 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, Cable Ties ACT314and Labels ALA018.  |
| KABT144-6-UL-010 | Standard kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 10 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, Cable Ties ACT314and Labels ALA018. |
| KABT144-6-UL-015 | Standard kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 15 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, Cable Ties ACT314and Labels ALA018. |
| KABT144-6-UL-020 | Standard kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 20 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, Cable Ties ACT314and Labels ALA018. |
| KABT144-6-UL-030 | Standard kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 30 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, Cable Ties ACT314and Labels ALA018. |
| KABT144-6-UL-040 | Standard kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 40 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, Cable Ties ACT314and Labels ALA018. |

**Table 24: BlazeTube detection heavy-duty kits**

| Part №              | Description                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| KABT144-6-UL-005-HD | Heavy duty kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 5 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, P-clamps APC020, Grommets AGBT005 and Labels ALA018.  |
| KABT144-6-UL-010-HD | Heavy duty kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 10 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, P-clamps APC020, Grommets AGBT005 and Labels ALA018. |
| KABT144-6-UL-015-HD | Heavy duty kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 15 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, P-clamps APC020, Grommets AGBT005 and Labels ALA018. |
| KABT144-6-UL-020-HD | Heavy duty kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 20 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, P-clamps APC020, Grommets AGBT005 and Labels ALA018. |
| KABT144-6-UL-030-HD | Heavy duty kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 30 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, P-clamps APC020, Grommets AGBT005 and Labels ALA018. |
| KABT144-6-UL-040-HD | Heavy duty kit with UL certified BlazeTube 6 mm, red, activation temperature 144 °C, 40 meters with Cable Gland ACG112, P-clamps APC020, Grommets AGBT005 and Labels ALA018. |



*BlazeTube detection standard kit*



*BlazeTube detection heavy duty kit*

## 4.4 PRESSURE GAUGES

Actual pressure in the cylinder can be determined by reading the value on the pressure gauge, which is mounted on the cylinder valve, alternatively an additional gauge on the end-of-line adapter. Green zone of the pressure gauge indicates the permissible pressure in the system.

**Table 25: Types of pressure gauges**

| Part № | Description         | Pressure range                                                   | Thread | Material                                     |
|--------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------------------|
| APG001 | for HFC-227ea agent | green zone: 8 – 20 bar<br>red zones: 0 – 8 bar,<br>20 – 28 bar   | M10x1  | body: nickel plated<br>brass<br>O-ring: EPDM |
| APG002 | for FK-5-1-12 agent | green zone: 12 – 20 bar<br>red zones: 0 – 12 bar,<br>20 – 28 bar | M10x1  | body: nickel plated<br>brass<br>O-ring: EPDM |



*Pressure gauge APG001*



*Pressure gauge APG002*

When the system is supplied, the pressure gauge is mounted on the cylinder valve via an adapter FVABM0210 (G1/8" to M10x1). It is always recommended to keep the pressure gauge located in the same position as it was supplied. If there is a need for the pressure gauge relocation, follow instructions in Chapter [1.A2.4](#).

Always place the pressure gauge so that the value of pressure can be read easily.



**If the system is in operation and the BlazeTube detection under pressure, the ball valve on the cylinder valve must be closed, when mounting and dismantling the pressure gauge at the end-of-line device.**

## 4.5 BLAZETUBE PUSH-IN CONNECTORS

BlazeCut double seal push-in connectors provide a double tight connection on the BlazeTube, thus ensuring a highly reliable connection and avoiding possible leakage that may occur. Connection and disconnection of the tube can be repeated several times without the use of proper tools and without compromising the performance of the fitting and the sealing around the tube.

The BlazeTube detection can be connected through Tee, elbow or straight push-in connectors. It is recommended to minimise the use of BlazeTube connectors and install them low in the main fire risk areas to avoid high temperatures during the operation of the equipment. In fire risk areas with high temperatures like engine compartments it is recommended to install the BlazeTube detection in whole length and refrain from using BlazeTube fittings in the heated areas.

**Table 26: BlazeTube push-in connectors**

| Part №     | Description                                        | Working temperature | Working pressure | Material                                                              |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FBT1PP66   | straight connector for BlazeTube Ø 6 mm, NBR       | -20 to +80 °C       | 0.9 – 60 bar     | body and gripper:<br>nickel-plated brass<br><br>seals: NBR or<br>EPDM |
| FBT1PP88   | straight connector for BlazeTube Ø 8 mm, NBR       |                     |                  |                                                                       |
| FBT3PPP666 | Tee connector for BlazeTube Ø 6 mm, NBR            |                     |                  |                                                                       |
| FBT3PPP888 | Tee connector for BlazeTube Ø 8 mm, NBR            |                     |                  |                                                                       |
| FBT1BP026  | outlet connector for BlazeTube Ø 6 mm, G1/8", EPDM | -30 to +80 °C       |                  |                                                                       |
| FBT1BP028  | outlet connector for BlazeTube Ø 8 mm, G1/8", EPDM |                     |                  |                                                                       |



*FBT1PP66, FBT1PP88*



*FBT1BP026, FBT1BP028*



*FBT3PPP666, FBT3PPP888*

## 4.6 BLAZETUBE END-OF-LINE DEVICES

**Table 27: List of end-of-line devices**

| Part № | Description                                                              |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FBT1P6 | End-of-line plug Ø 6 mm                                                  |
| FBT1P8 | End-of-line plug Ø 8 mm                                                  |
| AEA006 | End-of-line adapter Ø 6 mm with standard push-in connector for BlazeTube |
| AEA008 | End-of-line adapter Ø 8 mm with standard push-in connector for BlazeTube |

### END-OF-LINE PLUGS

End-of-line plugs are used to close one BlazeTube detection in installations with two BlazeTube detections (valve types 126 and 128) or when branching the BlazeTube.

**Table 28: Types of end-of-line plugs**

| Part № | Description             | Working temperature | Working pressure | Material                                                |
|--------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| FBT1P6 | End-of-line plug Ø 6 mm | -30 to +80 °C       | 0.9 – 60 bar     | body and gripper:<br>nickel-plated brass<br>seals: EPDM |
| FBT1P8 | End-of-line plug Ø 8 mm | -30 to +80 °C       |                  |                                                         |



*FBT1P6, FBT1P8*

### 4.6.1 END-OF-LINE ADAPTERS

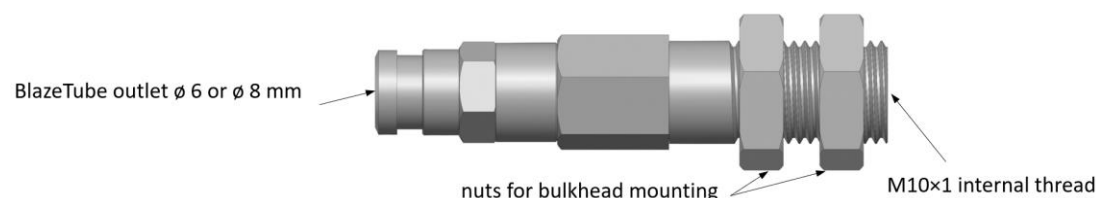
BlazeTube end-of-line adapter is used for pressurisation of the BlazeTube detection system when the system is installed (see Chapter [8.4](#)) and for pressurisation of the system during inspection (see Chapter [10.4](#)).

#### IMPORTANT!

The end of the adapter with internal thread M10x1 must be occupied by a pressure gauge, Pressure Switch APS001 or Pressure Transducer ATA100, to protect the Shrader valve inside.

**Table 29: Types of end-of-line adapters**

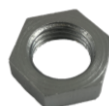
| Part № | Description                | Working temperature | Working pressure | Material                                             |
|--------|----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| AEA006 | End-of-line adapter Ø 6 mm | -30 to +80 °C       | 0.9 – 60 bar     | body and gripper: nickel-plated brass<br>seals: EPDM |
| AEA008 | End-of-line adapter Ø 8 mm |                     |                  |                                                      |



*End-of-line adapter AEA006, AEA008*

**Table 30: End-of-line adapter components**

| Part № | Description                                                  | Material         |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| ANE001 | spare nut for end-of-line adapter AEA006 and AEA008, M14x1.5 | galvanized steel |



*ANE001*

## 4.7 FASTENING MATERIAL

Linear parts of BlazeCut system (BlazeTube detection, electrical cables) must be tightly fastened and secured against movement. Use enclosed connecting material if necessary. It is possible to use other suitable fastening systems if they provide secure mounting of the components and are suitable for the environment (high temperatures etc.). Avoid damaging the components when fastening. Follow the instructions in this manual when fastening.

### 4.7.1 P-CLAMPS AND FASTENERS

BlazeCut system kits are supplied with various P-clamps suitable for firm fastening of the BlazeCut components.

**Table 31: P-clamps**

| Part № | Description                                                                                                             | Material                        |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| APC006 | 6 mm – suits 6 mm BlazeTube detection                                                                                   | galvanized steel, rubber insert |
| APC008 | 8 mm – suits 8 mm BlazeTube detection                                                                                   | galvanized steel, rubber insert |
| APC010 | 10 mm – suits spiral ABTS006                                                                                            | galvanized steel, rubber insert |
| APC012 | 12 mm – suits spiral ABTS008, all push-in connectors for Ø 6 BlazeTube                                                  | galvanized steel, rubber insert |
| APC014 | 14 mm – suits end-of-line plug FBT1P6, all push-in connectors for Ø 8 BlazeTube, end-of-line adapters AEA006 and AEA008 | galvanized steel, rubber insert |
| APC016 | 16 mm – suits end-of-line plug FBT1P8                                                                                   | galvanized steel, rubber insert |
| APC020 | 20 mm – suits grommets                                                                                                  | stainless steel, PVC cover      |

**Table 32: Through panel fasteners**

| Part № | Description                                                                                                    | Material  |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ACG112 | cable gland with locknut, for detection tube, 12 mm steel tube and electrical cable, 18.5 mm hole for mounting | polyamide |



P-clamp APC006 - APC016



P-clamp APC020



Cable gland ACG112

## 4.7.2 PROTECTIVE SPIRALS AND BRAIDS FOR THE BLAZETUBE DETECTION

In case of installation in enclosures with increased risk of mechanical damage part of the BlazeTube detection exposed to higher risk of mechanical damage can be installed in the protective spiral or braid. Slot the BlazeTube detection into the protective spiral or braid before installation.



**Do not use the protective spiral or braid on the BlazeTube detection in the main fire risk area as it could affect discharge of the extinguishing agent from the BlazeTube detection.**

### IMPORTANT!

Always ensure the cut ends of the spiral do not turn inward towards the BlazeTube, this will avoid scratches and damage to the BlazeTube.

Table: Types of protective spirals and braids

| Part №      | Description                                                             | Material        | Length |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|
| ABTS006-005 | protective spiral for Ø 6 mm BlazeTube detection                        | stainless steel | 5 m    |
| ABTS006-010 |                                                                         | stainless steel | 10 m   |
| ABTS008-005 | protective spiral for Ø 8 mm BlazeTube detection                        | stainless steel | 5 m    |
| ABTS008-010 |                                                                         | stainless steel | 10 m   |
| ABTB006-005 | protective braid for Ø 6 mm and Ø 8 mm BlazeTube, from -55 °C to 180 °C | polyamide       | 5 m    |
| ABTB006-010 |                                                                         | polyamide       | 10 m   |



Protective spiral



Protective spiral with BlazeTube



Protective spiral kit



Protective braid

Table 33: Protective spiral kits

| Part №       | Description                                                                   |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| KABTS006-005 | for Ø 6 mm BlazeTube, 5 metres protective spiral ABTS006, 10 P-clamps APC010  |
| KABTS006-010 | for Ø 6 mm BlazeTube, 10 metres protective spiral ABTS006, 20 P-clamps APC010 |
| KABTS008-005 | for Ø 8 mm BlazeTube, 5 metres protective spiral ABTS008, 10 P-clamps APC010  |
| KABTS008-010 | for Ø 8 mm BlazeTube, 10 metres protective spiral ABTS008, 20 P-clamps APC010 |

## 4.7.3 BLAZETUBE GROMMETS

For installation of the BlazeTube (6 mm versions only) in harsh environments use silicone grommets and plastic-coated P-clamps APC020. Maximum recommended distance between the clamps is 500 mm. When ordering the heavy duty BlazeWire and BlazeTube kits, the clamps and silicone grommets are included.

**Table 34: Grommet and cable ties**

| Part № | Description                                                                 | Material |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| AGT005 | grommet with 5 mm hole – suits BlazeTube                                    | silicone |
| ACT314 | cable tie with increased heat resistance up to +125 °C, 3.6 x 140 mm, black | plastic  |
| ACT528 | cable tie with increased heat resistance up to +125 °C, 5 x 280 mm, black   | plastic  |



6 mm BlazeTube in the APC020 clamp and AGT005 grommet



Cable tie



**Never use cable ties for installation of BlazeTube in engine compartment or other installations with high ambient temperature. Always use suitable hose clamps.**

## 4.8 LABELS

Various high-quality UV stabilized labels are supplied with the BlazeCut system to ensure that the operator or people that may come in contact with the system are informed about its presence and operation. All labels can be reordered separately when replacement is required due to damage.

**Table 35: Notification labels**

| Part № | Description              | Comment                                                         |
|--------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| ALA002 | "Shutdown Equipment"     | label for use with the Pressure switch and a relay, 100 x 70 mm |
| ALA008 | General warning          | Label for DLP systems 100 x 70 mm                               |
| ALA018 | "Caution fire detection" | label for BlazeTube, 135 x 25 mm                                |
| ALA019 | "Fire Alarm"             | label for the buzzer AWB001, Ø 53 mm                            |
| ALA036 | Cylinder service record  | service label for the system, interior use only                 |
| ABS110 | "BlazeCut"               | promotional sticker, 110 x 68 mm                                |
| ABS220 | "BlazeCut"               | promotional sticker, 220 x 135 mm                               |
| ABS300 | "BlazeCut"               | promotional sticker AFSS, 300 x 110 mm                          |



ALA002



ALA008

# AUTOMATIC FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEMS



ALA018



ALA019



ABS110 and ABS220



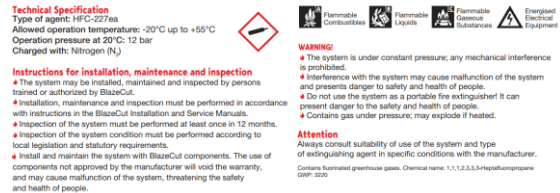
ABS300

| Cylinder service record                                                                                                                                                                  |      |                                                    |                  |           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
|  Do not alter or modify the installation without reference to the authorised installer or manufacturer! |      |                                                    |                  |           |
| System kit:                                                                                                                                                                              |      |                                                    |                  |           |
| Installation date:                                                                                                                                                                       |      |                                                    |                  |           |
| Date and type of service                                                                                                                                                                 |      |                                                    |                  |           |
| Date                                                                                                                                                                                     | Code | Comment                                            | Next service due | Signature |
|                                                                                                                                                                                          |      |                                                    |                  |           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                          |      |                                                    |                  |           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                          |      |                                                    |                  |           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                          |      |                                                    |                  |           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                          |      |                                                    |                  |           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                          |      |                                                    |                  |           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                          |      |                                                    |                  |           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                          |      |                                                    |                  |           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                          |      |                                                    |                  |           |
| Codes                                                                                                                                                                                    |      | Certified servicing body                           |                  |           |
| C - commissioned<br>A - annual service<br>U - unscheduled service<br>R - refill of agent                                                                                                 |      | place for distributor/installer label<br>120x25 mm |                  |           |

ALA036

Table 36: Labels for cylinders

| Part № | Agent     | Cylinder size |
|--------|-----------|---------------|
| ALA020 | HFC-227ea | 1.2 L, 2.4 L  |
| ALA021 | HFC-227ea | 5.0 L         |
| ALA029 | FK-5-1-12 | 1.2 L, 2.4 L  |
| ALA030 | FK-5-1-12 | 5.0 L         |



CLEAN AGENT  1354

*Cylinder labels identifying type of extinguishing agent and basic information and instructions about the system.*

## 5 DEFINITION OF LEGAL REQUIREMENTS



After the BlazeCut System is installed the cylinder, valve and BlazeTube detection is under constant pressure. The activities of installation of the system, its activation, operation, repair and maintenance may be governed by specific legislation. These activities may need to be performed only by persons with professional qualifications. Activation and operation of the equipment under pressure may also be governed by specific legislation.



Always observe local legislation and statutory requirements.



BlazeCut systems CEA(116, 118, 126, 128) contain clean extinguishing agent HFC-227ea which is a fluorinated greenhouse gas. Installation of the system, its activation, operation and repair and maintenance are governed by specific legislation and these activities may be performed only by persons with professional qualification. Operation of the system is also governed by specific legislation and is subject to inspections for gas leak. Always observe local legislation and statutory requirements.

## 6 INFORMATION ON EXTINGUISHING AGENTS USED

Systems BlazeCut CEA(116, 118, 126, 128) uses extinguishing agent:

- HFC-227ea; chemical name: 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane. It is halogen derivative of hydrocarbons. It is liquefied hydrocarbon gas, colourless and odourless. GWP: 3220

Systems BlazeCut CFK(116, 118, 126, 128) uses extinguishing agent:

- FK-5-1-12, chemical name: Perfluoro (2-Methyl-3-Pentanone). It is a fluorinated ketone, synthetically made agent. In normal conditions it is a non-conductive clear liquid with a slight odour.

### 6.1 DESCRIPTION OF HFC-227EA

The extinguishing agent is clean extinguishing medium, used in BlazeCut system for volume or local fire suppression. Extinguishing effects are due to cooling and anticatalyst effect. Extinguishing agent siphons heat from fire, enters the chain chemical reaction of burning, slows this reaction and stops it.

Extinguishing agent is not toxic or poisonous, it does not have carcinogenic or mutagenic effects and it is considered environmentally accepted substitute for halon extinguishing agents harmful to the environment used in the past.

With volume fire suppression the efficiency of the system depends mainly on extinguishing concentration, which should be reached in the area of fire. Desired extinguishing concentration with HFC-227ea is lower than concentration dangerous to people.

## 6.1.1 MAIN ADVANTAGES OF THE EXTINGUISHING AGENT

- electrically non-conductive
- non-corrosive
- resistant to temperature changes
- safe for people when safety instructions are followed
- leaves no residue
- does not damage equipment, objects or sensitive devices
- zero ozone depletion potential (ODP – Ozone Depletion Potential)

## 6.2 DESCRIPTION OF FK-5-1-12

The extinguishing agent is clean extinguishing medium, used in BlazeCut system for volume fire suppression. Extinguishing effects are due to cooling and anticatalyst effect. Extinguishing agent siphons heat from fire, enters the chain chemical reaction of burning, slows this reaction and stops it. Extinguishing agent is not toxic or poisonous, it does not have carcinogenic or mutagenic effects.

FK-5-1-12 is an ecological alternative and it is considered to be a next generation substitution of halon agents used in the past. Compare to chemical extinguishing substances used today (like HFC gases) FK-5-1-12 has at the moment lowest global warming potential (GWP = 1), lowest atmospheric lifetime (5 days) and zero ozone depletion potential (ODP = 0). These unique environmental features promise to FK-5-1-12 its long-term use in the future.

With volume fire suppression the efficiency of the system depends mainly on extinguishing concentration, which should be reached in the area of fire. Desired extinguishing concentration with FK-5-1-12 is lower than concentration dangerous to people.

## 6.2.1 MAIN ADVANTAGES OF THE EXTINGUISHING AGENT

- electrically non-conductive
- non-corrosive
- resistant to temperature changes
- safe for people when safety instructions are followed
- leaves no residue
- does not damage equipment, objects or sensitive devices
- zero ozone depletion potential (ODP – Ozone Depletion Potential)
- almost zero global warming potential (GWP – Global Warming Potential)

## 6.3 PERMISSIBLE USES OF EXTINGUISHING AGENTS

Both HFC-227ea and FK-5-1-12 may be used for the following classes of fire:



*Class A – flammable combustibles (creating flames)*



*Class B – flammable liquids*



*Class C – flammable gaseous substances*



*System is suitable for fire suppression of electrical equipment under voltage*

Always consult suitability of use of the system and type of extinguishing agent in specific conditions with the supplier.

Although the extinguishing agent is not toxic or poisonous, unnecessary excessive exposure of persons to its influence should be avoided. Under no circumstances should persons be exposed to the extinguishing agent for more than 5 minutes even if an extinguishing concentration is not exceeding LOAEL level (see toxicity information in [Table 37](#)).

The BlazeCut system is primarily designed for small enclosed areas and equipment where people are not normally present (or only for a short time for inspection, maintenance, etc.).

More information about HFC-227ea and FK-5-1-12 can be found in the Safety data sheets supplied by the manufacturer on the BlazeCut website or the distributor.

## 6.4 SOME PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Table 37: Properties of HFC-227ea**

| Property                                                | Description                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Global warming potential                                | 3220                               |
| Ozone depletion potential                               | 0                                  |
| Chemical name                                           | 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane   |
| Formula                                                 | CF <sub>3</sub> CHFCF <sub>3</sub> |
| CAS number                                              | 431-89-0                           |
| Extinguishing concentration*                            | 6.7 % of volume                    |
| Boiling point at pressure 1 bar                         | -16.34 °C                          |
| Freezing point                                          | -131 °C                            |
| Critical temperature                                    | 101.75 °C                          |
| Critical pressure                                       | 2925 kPa                           |
| Critical density                                        | 621 kg/m <sup>3</sup>              |
| Density in liquefied form at 25 °C                      | 1387.7 kg/m <sup>3</sup>           |
| Pressure of saturated vapours at 25 °C                  | 454.73 kPa                         |
| Molecular weight                                        | 170                                |
| Dielectric Strength at 1 atm, 25 °C (N <sub>2</sub> =1) | 2.0                                |
| Dielectric Strength in kV (vapor)                       | 13.9                               |
| Toxicity LC <sub>50</sub> (4 h inh.)                    | 800 000 ppm                        |
| Toxicity AEL                                            | 1000 ppm                           |
| Toxicity NOAEL                                          | 9 % concentration, 90 000 ppm      |
| Toxicity LOAEL                                          | 10.5 % concentration, 105 000 ppm  |
| Flammability                                            | inflammable substance              |
| Form                                                    | liquefied gas                      |
| Colour                                                  | colourless substance               |
| Odour                                                   | odourless                          |

\*Extinguishing concentration determined for reference substance n-Heptane

Table 38: Properties of FK-5-1-12

| Property                                                | Description                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Global warming potential                                | 1                                                                                                       |
| Ozone depletion potential                               | 0                                                                                                       |
| Chemical name                                           | Dodecafluoro-2-methylpentan-3-one                                                                       |
| Formula                                                 | $\text{CF}_3\text{CF}_2\text{C}(\text{O})\text{CF}(\text{CF}_3)_2$ or $\text{C}_6\text{F}_{12}\text{O}$ |
| CAS number                                              | 756-13-8                                                                                                |
| Extinguishing concentration*                            | 4.5 % of volume                                                                                         |
| Boiling point at pressure 1 bar                         | 49.2 °C                                                                                                 |
| Freezing point                                          | -108 °C                                                                                                 |
| Critical temperature                                    | 168.7 °C                                                                                                |
| Critical pressure                                       | 1865 kPa                                                                                                |
| Critical density                                        | 639.1 kg/m <sup>3</sup>                                                                                 |
| Density in liquid form at 25 °C                         | 1600 kg/m <sup>3</sup>                                                                                  |
| Pressure of saturated vapours (at 25 °C)                | 40.4 kPa                                                                                                |
| Molecular weight                                        | 316.04                                                                                                  |
| Dielectric Strength at 1 atm, 25 °C (N <sub>2</sub> =1) | 2.3                                                                                                     |
| Dielectric strength in kV (vapour)                      | 16                                                                                                      |
| Dielectric Strength in kV (gaseous mixture 5 % in air)  | 9.2                                                                                                     |
| LC <sub>50</sub> (4 h inh.)                             | 100 000 ppm                                                                                             |
| Toxicity NOAEL                                          | >10 % concentration, 100 000 ppm                                                                        |
| Toxicity LOAEL                                          | 10 % concentration, 100 000 ppm                                                                         |
| Flammability                                            | non-flammable substance                                                                                 |
| Form                                                    | liquid                                                                                                  |
| Colour                                                  | colourless substance                                                                                    |
| Odour                                                   | Slight odour                                                                                            |

\*Extinguishing concentration determined for reference substance n-Heptane

## 6.5 LIMITED USES OF THE EXTINGUISHING AGENT

Extinguishing agent is not suitable for fire suppression in spaces with:

- certain chemicals or mixtures of chemicals, such as cellulose nitrate and gunpowder, which are capable of rapid oxidation in the absence of air;
- reactive metals such as lithium, sodium, potassium, magnesium, titanium, zirconium, uranium and plutonium;
- metal hydrides;
- chemicals capable of undergoing autothermic decomposition, such as certain organic peroxidase, pyrophoric materials and hydrazine.

## 6.6 WARNINGS



During the system activation the extinguishing agent emerges from the BlazeTube detection under high pressure and at very low temperature. It is recommended that the automatic activation function of the system is deactivated when working less than 1 metre from the BlazeTube detection (see Chapter 11.1).



No permanent workplace should be placed less than 1 metre from the system if the system is not installed in enclosure that prevents the extinguishing agent being discharged onto the people or no other barriers are in place preventing the extinguishing agent being discharged onto the people.



Extinguishing agent under normal (atmospheric) pressure evaporates quickly. Do not breathe its vapours. Exposure to high concentrations may cause health problems: a temporary loss of nerve activity, numbness, dizziness, confusion, loss of coordination, drowsiness, unconsciousness, irregular heartbeat, palpitations, depression, fainting, and weakness. Exposure to extreme concentrations of extinguishing agent may cause death without warning.



Extinguishing agent is heavier than air in a gaseous state. Accumulation in enclosed or low area may cause lack of oxygen and suffocation. After use of the system use natural or forced ventilation and do not enter thereafter.



HFC gases in liquid form may cause frostbite upon contact with eyes and skin. Avoid contact of liquid extinguishing agent with eyes and skin.



For installation, inspection, maintenance and repair of the system always use eye protection – wear appropriate protective glasses with side-shields and appropriate protective impervious working gloves.



Extinguishing agent is subject to thermal decomposition and forms toxic products – hydrogen halides after exposure to high temperatures in the fire area. Avoid exposure of extinguishing agent to high temperatures. After fire is indicated take precautions to avoid exposure of extinguishing agent to high temperatures. After use of the system secure the area by natural or forced ventilation. Use the system only in permissible ways required by the manufacturer.

The most dangerous by-product of thermal decomposition of the extinguishing agent is hydrogen fluoride (HF). It is a gaseous substance, irritating and toxic, it is dissolved in water in mucous membrane creating hydrofluoric acid. Symptoms of HF exposure depend on the intensity and duration of exposure and are mainly as follows:

- irritation of eyes and mucous membranes of the nose,
- total respiratory irritation at a high concentrations,
- irritation to the skin at high concentrations,
- without medical assistance very high concentrations can cause death.

## 6.7 HANDLING OF HFC GASES

Systems BlazeCut CEA(116, 118, 126, 128) contains clean extinguishing agent HFC-227ea. This is fluorinated greenhouse gas. Installation of the system, its activation and repair and maintenance is governed by specific legislation and may be performed only by persons with professional qualification.

Operation of the system is also governed by specific legislation and performing relevant gas leak inspections.

Operator of the system must prevent leak of HFC gases and as soon as possible repair any detected leak using all measures which are technically feasible and do not entail disproportionate costs.

Operator of the system is obliged to ensure recovery of the gases by a person with professional qualification in case of maintenance or expiration of containers holding HFC gases. This means gathering and storage of gases and ensuring their recycling, regeneration or destruction.



**Do not open the valves of the cylinder and components before completing the system. Do not activate the system without reason.**



**Always have appropriate detection device for inspection of leak of HFC gases used in BlazeCut system during the installation, maintenance and inspection of the system. Always follow the manual of the detection device.**



**In case of suspected leak of extinguishing agent, it is essential that the operator of the system shall take corresponding measures immediately to prevent leak of extinguishing agent and repair any detected leak as soon as possible.**

### NOTE

*For the purposes of the next chapters "Inspection for leak" means that the equipment or system is tested for leak using direct or indirect measuring methods, focusing on those parts of the equipment or system, which are most likely to leak.*

## 7 FILLING AND CHARGING OF SYSTEMS

### 7.1 FILLING AND CHARGING OF SYSTEMS WITH HFC-227EA

All systems containing HFC-227ea are supplied factory filled and charged. For pressurization of BlazeTube detection follow instructions in Chapter [8.4](#).

### 7.2 FILLING AND CHARGING OF SYSTEMS WITH FK-5-1-12

#### 7.2.1 DISASSEMBLY

##### IMPORTANT!

**Before starting the disassembly, make sure that the cylinder is unpressurised!**

1. Firmly fasten the cylinder assembly to a clamping device, so that the cylinder is firmly fastened but not damaged.
2. Use a spanner size 36 to unscrew the valve.
3. Remove the valve with a dip tube attached.
4. When handling a cylinder from a previously used system, pour out the remaining agent from the cylinder into a sealable container.

##### IMPORTANT!

**Agents removed from containers during service or maintenance procedures should not be mixed with new agent! Ensure that the old agent is recycled, regenerated or disposed of in accordance with any applicable laws and regulations.**

5. Clean the inside of the cylinder from residual agent, moisture or other debris using air compressor or similar tool.

#### 7.2.2 FILLING WITH EXTINGUISHING AGENT

1. Unscrew the valve with dip tube attached.

##### IMPORTANT!

**Before filling, make sure the cylinder inside is clean, dry and there is no moisture. If there is any residual moisture, dry the inside of the cylinder using air compressor or similar tool.**

Use a filling funnel to fill the extinguishing agent FK-5-1-12. The amount of FK-5-1-12 depends on volume of the cylinder. Always check your system specifications on the cylinder label before proceeding.

System model: CFK1xx  
System kit: CFK1xx-1.8-x  
Cylinder volume: 2.4 L  
Amount of agent: 1.8 kg  
Serial number: 0000001  
Production week: 01-2024

| Volume of the cylinder [Litres] | Amount of agent [kg] | Agent amount range [kg]* |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1.2                             | 0.9                  | 0.7 – 1.3                |
| 2.4                             | 1.8                  | 1.4 – 2.7                |
| 5.0                             | 3.75                 | 2.8 – 5.7                |

2. Pour in an exact amount of the extinguishing agent FK-5-1-12.
3. Follow steps in Chapter [7.2.3](#).

## 7.2.3 ASSEMBLY

### NOTE

Have all your components clean and ready. For used cylinder valve overhaul follow instructions in Technical Bulletin *TB-ODV Overhaul for DLP Valves*.

1. Firmly fasten the cylinder to a clamping device, so that the cylinder is firmly fastened but not damaged.
2. Ensure that the dip tube is clear and by hand screw it to the valve.
3. First by hand screw in the valve with dip tube to the cylinder.
4. Use a torque wrench (size 46) set to 50 Nm torque to tighten the valve on the cylinder. Do not overtighten the valve!
5. Label with the model designation should be in accordance with parameters of the filled system. When refilling and the parameters are no longer valid, a new label has to be applied.
6. Record this procedure to the system's Supporting Document *SD-RSCS Refill Service Report C Series* and on a service label/tag.



*Assembly of the valve using a torque wrench*

To proceed with pressurisation of the cylinder and BlazeTube, use of Tool Charging Kit is needed. To cut the BlazeTube detection use special cutter ATC002 included in the Tool charging kit.

**Table 39: Tool charging kit**

| Model       | Included components                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| KATC001     | 1 x adjustable regulation valve <b>up to 20 bar</b> with W24.32x1/14" connection<br>1 x Charging adapter ATC001<br>2 m BlazeTube, 6 mm<br>1 x BlazeTube cutter                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| KATC001-xxx | 1 x Adjustable regulation valve <b>up to 20 bar</b> with various connections, see below<br>1 x Charging adapter ATC001<br>2 m BlazeTube, 6 mm<br>1 x BlazeTube cutter<br><br>Available connections: W21.8x1/14", NEVOC W30x2, G3/4", G5/8" male, W30x2"LH, W21.8x1/14"LH<br><b>NOTE: Other options may be available; pricing &amp; delivery time on request only</b> |
| KARV002-01  | 1 x adjustable regulation valve <b>up to 30 bar</b> with W24.32x1/14" connection<br>1 x Charging adapter ATC001<br>2 m BlazeTube, 6 mm<br>1 x BlazeTube cutter                                                                                                                                                                                                       |



*Tool charging kit KATC001, KARV002*

## 7.3 PROCEDURE OF PRESSURISATION OF THE CYLINDER ONLY

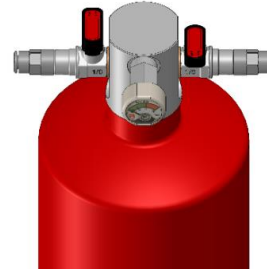
Proceed according to instructions in this chapter to pressurise an unpressurised cylinder and BlazeTube detection separately. For pressurisation of BlazeTube detection follow instructions in Chapter [8.4](#).

### Step 1:

Close the ball valve(s) on the cylinder valve.



*Cylinder valve 116 or 118*



*Cylinder valve 126 or 128*

### Step 2:

Remove the pressure gauge (pressure switch or transducer) from the valve adaptor FVABM0210 on the cylinder valve.



### Step 3:

Make sure the ball valve on the charging adapter is closed.

Mount the charging adapter ATC001 to the valve adaptor's M10x1 port by rotating clockwise. Tighten the charging adapter properly.



### Step 4:

Set the regulator valve on the source of N<sub>2</sub> to the desired value (**15 bar for FK-5-1-12 at 20 °C ± 3 °C ambient temperature**) For pressure filling values at different temperatures refer to [Table 14](#).

Open the regulation valve.

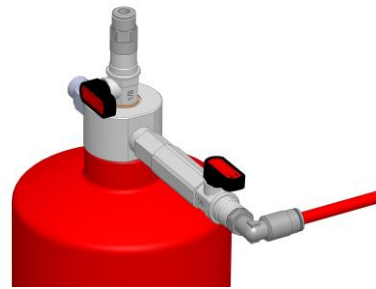


## Step 5:

Slowly open the ball valve on the charging adapter and pressurise the cylinder.

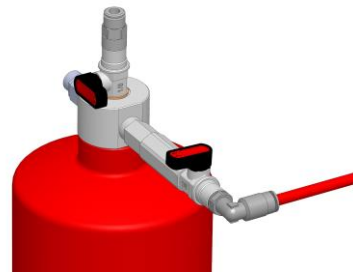
During pressurisation hissing can be heard. When the hissing stops, keep the ball valve open for about 30 seconds to stabilize the pressure.

**Close the ball valve on the charging adapter, shake the cylinder several times** and repeat **Step 5** until the pressure stays at the desired value.



## Step 6:

Close the ball valve on the charging adapter.



## Step 7:

Unscrew the charging adapter from the M10x1 port of the valve adapter with size 16 spanner. You can use size 14 spanner on the valve adapter to push clockwise while unscrewing the charging adapter.



## Step 8:

Mount the pressure gauge (pressure switch or transducer) back. Tighten it with spanner 22 mm.

Follow additional steps from Chapter [7.4](#).



## 7.4 ADDITIONAL STEPS AFTER PRESSURISATION

Observe the value on the cylinder valve's pressure gauge and check the system components for leaks. If pressure is decreasing, the BlazeTube detection may not be connected properly or some component may not be mounted tightly. Also check the connection between the cylinder neck ring and the cylinder valve using a foaming solution. Observe if no bubbles are formed due to loss of pressure through the connection.



*Connection between the cylinder neck ring and the valve*

## IMPORTANT!

**Never install the cylinder assembly if any leak is detected!**

## 8 INSTRUCTIONS FOR INSTALLATION OF THE SYSTEM

### 8.1 GENERAL RULES

All parts of the system must be placed into the protected enclosure so that they are not in direct contact with parts of the protected equipment or in the immediate vicinity of the equipment parts that reach high temperatures during operation (transformers, engine block, exhaust pipes, etc.), not exposed to aggressive chemical substances (caustic, acids, solvents, corrosive substances etc.) and it is not exposed to direct atmospheric influences.

All components of the BlazeCut system must be firmly secured by using the recommended fixings to avoid movement and vibration. Do not secure any components to parts, which may move when the protected equipment is in operation.

Choose mountings so that fastening components are not damaged when the device is in operation. Accidental displacement of any part of BlazeCut system from the place of installation may result in reduction of the extinguishing effect of the system, its damage or device damage.

When fastening the system, make sure not to damage other parts of the device.

The system has to be positioned so that it is possible to perform future maintenance, component replacement, inspections and optimising safety of the pressurised equipment. Do not secure any components that will interfere with future inspection and maintenance of the equipment.

Ensure that no part is damaged after closing off the protected enclosure (e.g., after closing the covers/doors of the installation, engine etc.) and that no part is affected by moving parts of the equipment (fans etc.).

When fastening the system, make sure not to damage other parts of the equipment.

Do not overload the threads on the components, do not tighten or release the threads on the components forcibly, use the correct tightening torque. Make sure not to damage the components of the system by tools. Always check that the thread is clean and undamaged before installation.

During handling and installation of components of the system do not strain the components or handle forcibly.

In the event of subsequent changes in the protected enclosure during operation of BlazeCut system, always check whether changes are or not necessary in the installation of the system, relocation of BlazeTube detection etc. to secure the functionality and efficiency of the system.



**Installation of the system, its activation and repair and maintenance is governed by specific legislation and these activities may only be performed by persons with relevant professional qualification subject to applicable legislation. Depending on procedure, also a relevant training or**

authorization by the manufacturer is required. Unprofessional interference with the system may cause malfunction of the system and provides danger to safety and health of people.



After the installation of the system the configuration is under constant pressure. Never tamper with the system under pressure.



In the case of work in the vicinity of electrical equipment observe corresponding safety rules and instructions. Do not perform installation and maintenance of the system when the equipment is in operation. In the case of work in the vicinity of electrical equipment observe corresponding safety rules and instructions. Work on electrical installations may be performed only by qualified persons.



Install and use BlazeCut system only with original supplied components. Do not replace anything in the system; use only original component and spare components. Using components not approved by the manufacturer causes loss of warranty, may cause malfunction of the system and presents danger to life and health of persons.



Do not install the cylinder to configuration if non-corresponding pressure is detected in the cylinder during inspection.



When handling parts of the system under pressure (cylinder, valves, Pressure Switch/Transducer, BlazeTube detection) always wear appropriate protective glasses with side-shields. Eyes may be seriously damaged when coming into contact with extinguishing agent in case of sudden leak.



If leak of liquid extinguishing agent occurs, always prevent contact with skin. Use suitable impermeable protective work gloves.



During installation and maintenance of a system with HFC gases, have appropriate detection device for inspection of leaks of HFC gases used in BlazeCut system available at all times.

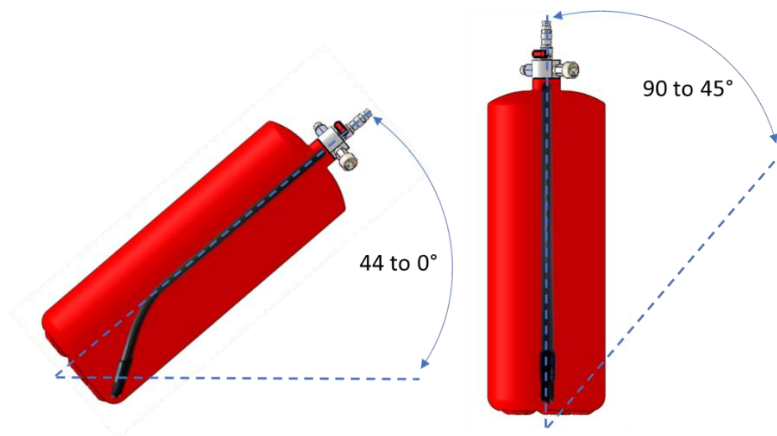


Refrain from handling the system, if it was exposed to high temperature (as a result of operation of the protected device or after exposure to fire etc.). If the system is hot, temperature of extinguishing agent increases and pressure in the system increases. In this case the BlazeTube detection cannot be put under mechanical stress. Splashing of hot extinguishing agent under high pressure may cause serious injury. Wait until the system cools off naturally.

## 8.2 INSTALLATION OF THE CYLINDER AND BRACKET

In order to release the extinguishing agent by pressure, there is a dip tube in the cylinder. Therefore, the cylinder is required to be installed in vertical position. If the cylinder is leaning, the extinguishing agent may not be fully released, the greater the mounted angle of the cylinder the higher risk of the agent not discharging entirely. Maximum recommended tilt of the cylinder is 45° from vertical axis.

All cylinders mounted between an angle of 45° to 90° (vertical) can have a straight dip tube that is supplied as standard from the factory. However, any angle between 44° and 0° (a full horizontal position) will require an angled dip tube fitted at the factory and this will ensure the overall performance of the system will be maintained. Please contact BlazeCut technical support if your cylinder requires an angled dip tube.



The cylinder should be placed as close to the protected area as possible, so that the BlazeTube detection can be as short as possible. If the cylinder is placed directly into the protected area, the cylinder should be protected from elevated temperatures or potential damage if necessary.

The cylinder should be placed so that the cylinder label is visible, and the current pressure can be read on the pressure gauge and be readily accessible to allow future servicing or inspection.

Only install undamaged cylinders that are properly labelled and with the correct mounted cylinder valve. The cylinder can be supplied pressurised to the required pressure at the time of filling. The current pressure can be determined by reading the value on the pressure gauge, which is mounted on the cylinder valve when the system is supplied.



**Do not install the cylinder, if the pressure is significantly different from values stated on the cylinder label or stated in this manual.**

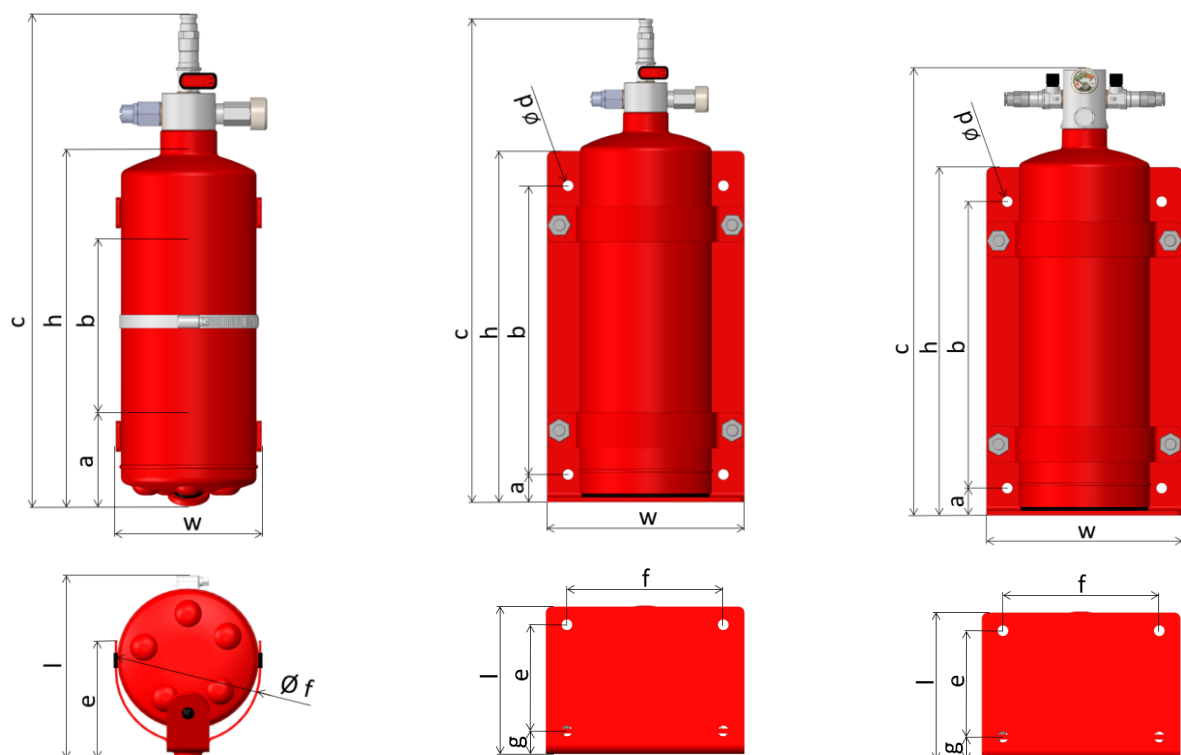
Carefully select a firm and secure part of the equipment to install the cylinder bracket using appropriate fasteners. If necessary, fabricate additional support to mount the cylinder. The cylinder must be properly fastened in the bracket using the bracket straps supplied. Once installed ensure all fastenings are firm and have no risk of loosening.



*Light bracket ACB012*



*Standard bracket ACB324, ACB350*



*Cylinder with 116 or 118 valve  
in a light bracket ACB012*

*Cylinder with 116 or 118 valve  
in a bracket*

*Cylinder with 126 or 128 valve  
in a bracket*

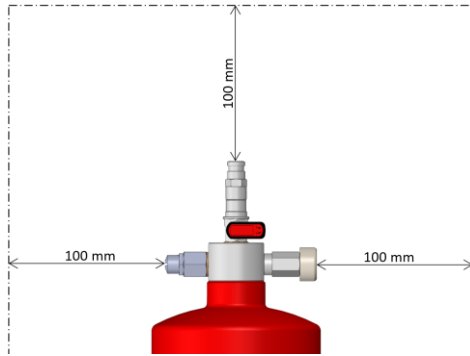
**Table 40: Brackets**

| Part № | l × w × h<br>[mm] | a<br>[mm] | b<br>[mm] | Ø d<br>[mm] | e<br>[mm] | f<br>[mm] | g<br>[mm] | Material                  | Colour         | Operating<br>temperature |
|--------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| ACB012 | 104×96×241        | 59        | 120       | 5.5         | 63        | Ø 90      | -         | powder<br>coated<br>steel | red<br>RAL3000 | -40 to +80 °C            |
| ACB312 | 103×60×216        | 25.5      | 165       | 7           | 84        | 46        | 12        |                           |                |                          |
| ACB324 | 135×80×294        | 24.5      | 249.5     | 9           | 112       | 62        | 14        |                           |                |                          |
| ACB350 | 185×100×314       | 26        | 268       | 9           | 154       | 82        | 19        |                           |                |                          |

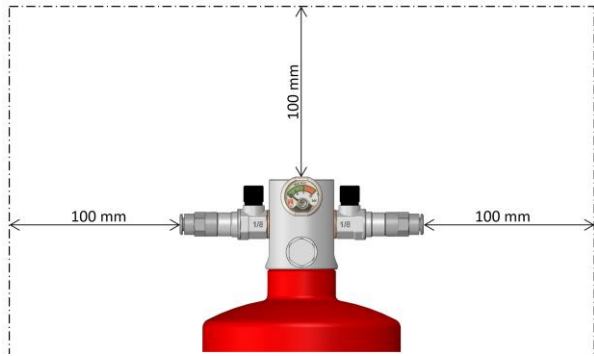
**Table 41: Brackets and cylinder assembly combinations**

| Cylinder volume<br>[L] | Bracket | Bracket weight<br>[kg] | Valve type | Total height<br>c [mm] |
|------------------------|---------|------------------------|------------|------------------------|
| 1.2                    | ACB012  | 0.32                   | 116        | 333                    |
|                        |         |                        | 118        | 333                    |
| 1.2                    | ACB312  | 0.48                   | 116        | 333                    |
|                        |         |                        | 118        | 333                    |
| 2.4                    | ACB324  | 1.15                   | 116        | 406                    |
|                        |         |                        | 118        | 406                    |
|                        |         |                        | 126        | 378                    |
|                        |         |                        | 128        | 378                    |
| 5.0                    | ACB350  | 1.67                   | 116        | 396                    |
|                        |         |                        | 118        | 396                    |
|                        |         |                        | 126        | 368                    |
|                        |         |                        | 128        | 368                    |

When placing the cylinder, leave free area around the cylinder valve of minimum 100 mm on the sides and above the valve, to install other components of the system and perform maintenance of the system in future.



*Example with the valve 116, 118*



*Example with the valve 126, 128*

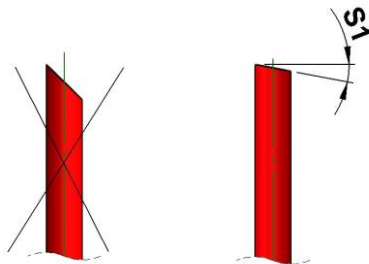
## 8.3 INSTALLATION OF THE BLAZETUBE DETECTION

The efficiency of BlazeCut system significantly depends on correct placement of the BlazeTube detection. Follow the instructions below. The BlazeTube must be placed so that it is disrupted as soon as the fire starts, before damaging other components of BlazeCut system and before the fire spreads outside of the protected enclosure.

BlazeCut system uses quick slotting system of mounting BlazeTube detections in connectors with double seal to prevent leak of extinguishing agent and of pressure. Use only the connectors supplied with the system. Ends of the BlazeTube detection must be properly adjusted. End of the BlazeTube detection must be straight before inserting, without cuttings and notches to avoid damaging the seals in the BlazeTube connectors.

To cut the BlazeTube detection use special cutter ATC002 included in the Tool charging kit KATC001.

Cut the BlazeTube detection straight, maximum degree of chamfer is 5°

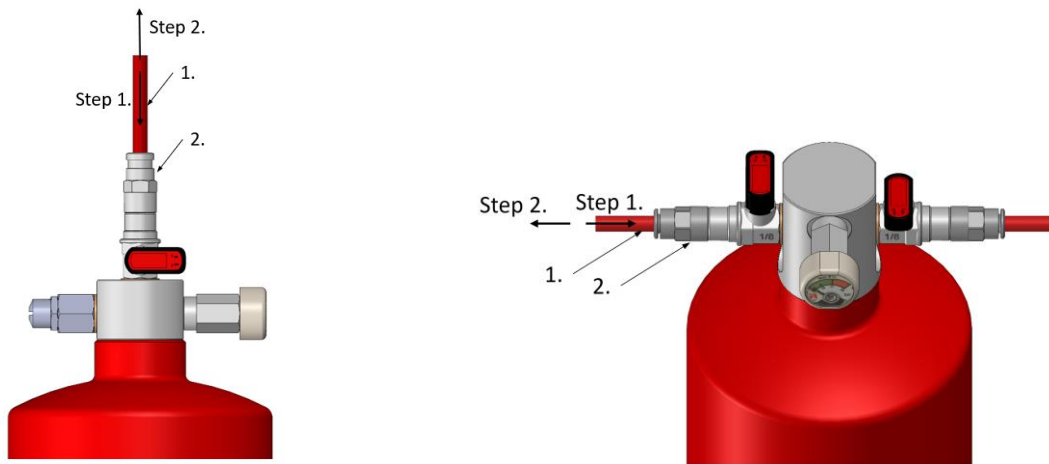


*Example of incorrect (left) and correct (right)  
BlazeTube end cuts*



*BlazeTube cutter ATC002*

Fasten the BlazeTube detection firmly so that it is slotted into the BlazeTube outlet connector and pushed all the way by hand. After slotting always check if the BlazeTube is firmly fastened by gently pulling it. Do not open the ball valve on the BlazeTube outlet connector yet.



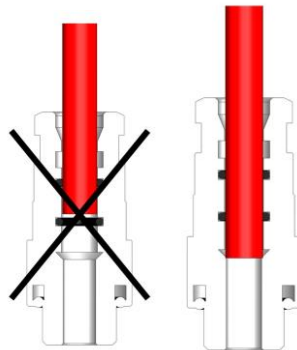
*Scheme of connecting the BlazeTube detection to the connector on the cylinder valve  
(example: valve 116 and 118 on the left, valve 126 and 128 on the right)*

1. BlazeTube Detection
2. BlazeTube Detection outlet

**Step 1:** Slot the BlazeTube detection firmly into the BlazeTube connector all the way in

**Step 2:** Pull the BlazeTube detection slightly and make sure that it is firmly fastened

Always slot the BlazeTube detection to the outlet adapter all the way in.



*Detail of slotting the BlazeTube detection to the outlet connector*



**Do not open the ball valve before pressurising the BlazeTube detection, this will release the extinguishing agent! Protect the ball valve from accidental opening during transportation and handling of the cylinder. Follow the instructions for transportation of the cylinder.**

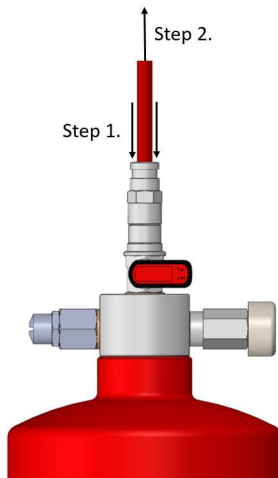
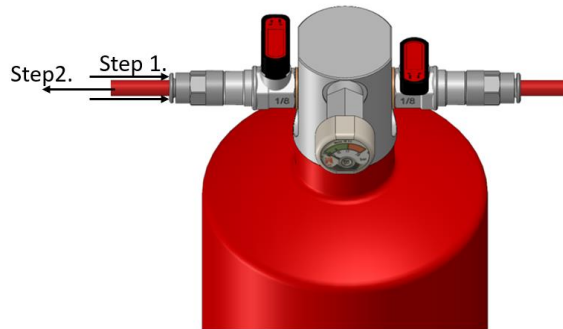


**During normal operation of the system, the pressure in the BlazeTube detection is the same as in the cylinder.**

Disconnect the BlazeTube detection from a BlazeTube connector by pushing the connector's ring in (away from the BlazeTube detection) and pull the BlazeTube detection away from the connector. Proceed accordingly when disconnecting the BlazeTube detection from the end-of-line adapter.

**Step 1:** Push the ring of the BlazeTube connector

**Step 2:** Pull the BlazeTube detection from the connector



*Disconnection of the BlazeTube detection from the valve  
(example: valve 116 and 118 on the left, valve 126 and 128 on the right)*



During disconnection of the BlazeTube detection under pressure, a pressure is released and if the system was in operation, also small amount of agent is released. In such case always wear appropriate protective glasses with side-shields and suitable protective gloves. Aim the BlazeTube detection always apart. Make sure not to interpose any other person.

If the BlazeTube detection is under pressure disconnection can be more difficult. The pressure can be released by pushing a small pin of the charging adapter inside the end-of-line device. Before this procedure dismantle the pressure gauge and make sure that the ball valve is closed.

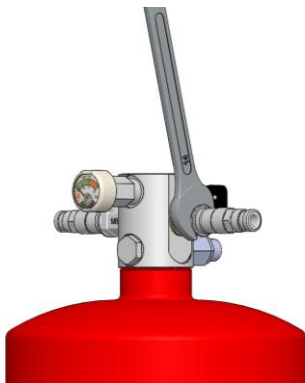
### 8.3.1 CONNECTION OF TWO BLAZETUBE DETECTIONS – TYPES C(EA, FK)(126,128)

Type of BlazeCut systems C(EA, FK)(126, 128) with valves 126 and 128 allow a connection of two BlazeTube detections. This solution provides better detection in the protected enclosure or protection of two separate enclosures with one system. Function of both BlazeTube detections is the same.



**All instructions for connection and disconnection of both BlazeTube detection are the same. All systems can be installed with only one BlazeTube detection.**

If you are using only one BlazeTube detection it is necessary to close the second unused BlazeTube outlet. To secure the agent discharge outlet use a FVP1B02 valve plug with G1/8" thread (optional component). The procedure is described below.



*Step 1: The assembly of ball valve, gasket and outlet connector can be dismantled with a spanner 14 mm from the agent discharge outlet*



*Step 2: Secure the G1/8" outlet with the FVP1B02 valve plug*

## 8.3.2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE OF THE BLAZETUBE DETECTION IN THE PROTECTED ENCLOSURE

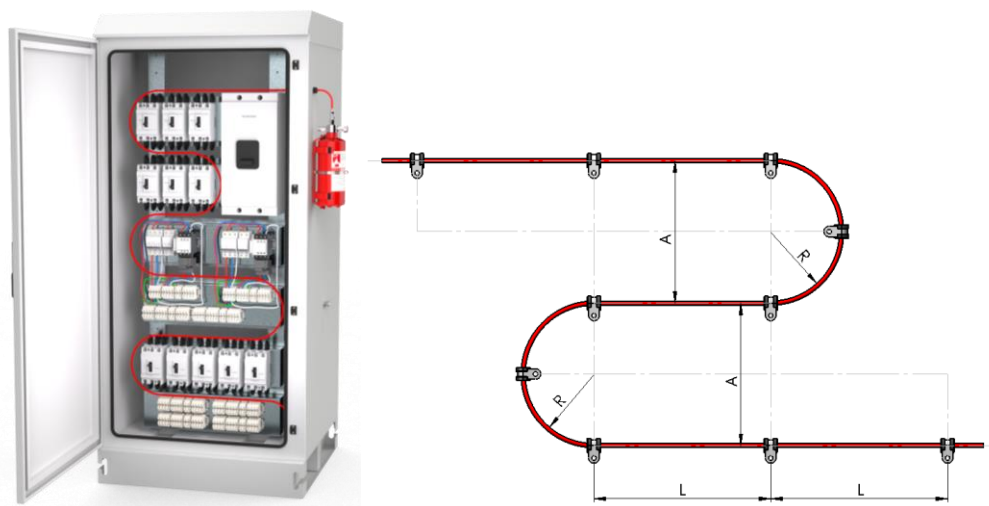
Place the BlazeTube detection in the protected enclosure and gradually fasten it with P-clamps and fastening elements. Proper fastening of BlazeTube detection is important. In case of fire, it is exposed to fast changes in pressure and forces of flowing gas or extinguishing agent. Maximum distance between fastenings of the tube cannot be more than 250 mm. Fastening must also be in place where the tube bends. The BlazeTube detection has minimum bend radius of 100 mm. Do not bend the tube more. To preserve sufficient flexibility of the BlazeTube detection, it is recommended to install it at an ambient temperature of more than 10 °C.

### IMPORTANT!

The BlazeTube detection must come out of each connection in direct position in order to avoid any leakage. If a redirection of the BlazeTube detection is needed, the bend of the tube from the connection must be in a minimum distance of 50 mm. To determine the required length of BlazeTube to be used in an enclosure, the horizontal mounting of BlazeTube is to be between 200 mm – 500 mm to ensure a more rapid actuation is achieved.

Table 42: Installation limitations of the BlazeTube detection for HFC-227ea and FK-5-1-12 DLP systems

| Valve type | Total BlazeTube supplied in standard kit | Max. BlazeTube length from cylinder outlet to the tubes end point | Max. number of tubes connected to a single cylinder |
|------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| 116        | 10 m                                     | 10 m                                                              | 4                                                   |
| 118        |                                          | 10 m                                                              |                                                     |
| 126        | 20 m                                     | 10 m                                                              |                                                     |
| 128        |                                          | 20 m for loop                                                     |                                                     |



Installation of BlazeTube detection

Distance between installed BlazeTube detection and a fire hazard must stay between  $h_{min}$  and  $h_{max}$ .

$h$  – distance between fire hazard and BlazeTube

$L$  – distance between fastenings

$R$  – bending radius

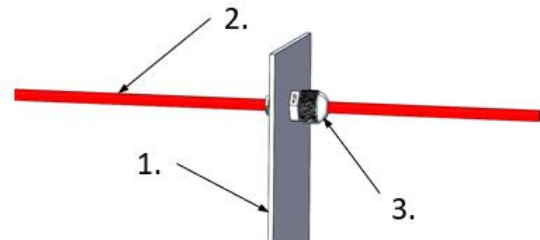
$A$  – distance between BlazeTube detections

**Table 43: Boundary distance values**

| Symbol                  | Value        |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| $h_{min}$               | 0 mm*        |
| $h_{max}$               | 140 mm       |
| $L$                     | max. 250 mm  |
| $R$                     | min. 100 mm  |
| $A$                     | max. 1000 mm |
| Number of bends per 1 m | 3            |

\*Surface temperature of the protected item has to be within operating temperature of the BlazeTube (see [Table 18](#))

1. structure
2. BlazeTube detection
3. protective element (cable gland ACG112, rubber grommet etc.)



*At the crossing of the BlazeTube through a structure it is advised to protect the BlazeTube*

Place the BlazeTube detection as close as possible above the places with greatest risk of fire. Do not place the tube horizontally next to places of possible fire, it may significantly delay activation of the system in case of fire.

The BlazeTube detection cannot be placed freely in the protected enclosure. It must be tightened to appropriate construction. If necessary, the BlazeTube detection can be installed in open space (e.g., above the protected device) by using steel wire, which is wired in suitable area of the protected enclosure and the BlazeTube detection can be tightened on a steel wire. Use a steel wire with appropriate strength and secure the steel wire firmly.

Proceed carefully during installation not to damage the tube with sharp objects. Do not refract or forcibly bend the BlazeTube.

During the installation of BlazeTube detection, specifically make sure that the tube will not be damaged during operation of the device by mechanical stress. After the system is fully installed and functional, if the BlazeTube is damaged, and the pressure decreases the system will always activate.

The tube cannot be in direct contact with hot parts of the protected device or in immediate proximity of parts of the device, which heat to high temperatures during operation (transformers etc.).

Depending on the size and shape of the protected enclosure use necessary length of the BlazeTube detection. If you do not use the whole tube, cut the ending. The ending must be adjusted, see figures at start of this chapter.

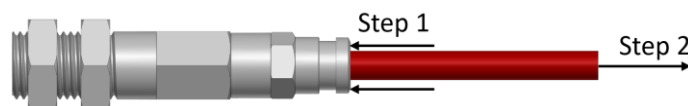
Place the loose ending of the BlazeTube detection into the area so that it is possible to pressurise the system using external device through end-of-line adapter of the tube. It also enables in future to perform inspection of pressure in the system with pressure gauge on end-of-line adapter of the tube if the pressure gauge will be installed at the end-of-line.

Two end-of-line adapters are needed in systems C(EA, FK)(126,128) (*Example 3*). If the BlazeTube is connected in a closed loop configuration (*Example 3*), then one end-of-line adapter is sufficient.

Fasten the end-of-line adapter into the ending of the BlazeTube; proceed according to the figure below.

**Step 1:** Slot the BlazeTube detection firmly into the end-of-line adapter all the way

**Step 2:** After slotting always make sure that the BlazeTube is firmly fastened by gentle pulling it



*Connection of the BlazeTube detection on the end-of-line adapter*

## 8.4 PRESSURISATION OF THE CYLINDER AND THE DETECTION SYSTEM

The BlazeTube detection must be pressurised with the correct pressure by nitrogen gas (N<sub>2</sub>) before the system is put into operation. Use appropriate source of N<sub>2</sub> - cylinder with a control valve.



*Tool charging adapter  
ATC001*

Pressurisation is performed through the end-of-line adapter of the BlazeTube detection using charging adapter ATC001. The BlazeTube detection end-of-line adapter has outlet with a thread M10x1 and it contains a filling valve, which must be pushed and opened with the charging adapter.

This valve closes and opens automatically during removal or installation of the charging adapter or the pressure gauge. It is possible to install and remove these components even when the tube is under pressure.

If the system is using two BlazeTube detections you can use any of these tubes, as long as both ball valves on the outlets are open. During pressurisation of one BlazeTube detection the second BlazeTube detection will be pressurised as well.

Proceed according to instructions in Chapter [8.4.1](#) to pressurise the whole system (both the cylinder and BlazeTube) or BlazeTube only with nitrogen. To charge the cylinder only, follow instructions in Chapter [9](#).



**Proceed carefully and strictly follow the following steps. Fasten the connectors of the tubes, charging adapter and BlazeTube detection firmly and inspect. Their accidental disconnecting during pressurisation would release the extinguishing agent into the environment.**



**Never connect or disconnect the charging adapter to the BlazeTube detection if the ball valve of the outlet of the BlazeTube detection on the cylinder valve is open.**

### 8.4.1 PROCEDURE OF PRESSURISATION OF THE CYLINDER AND THE DETECTION SYSTEM

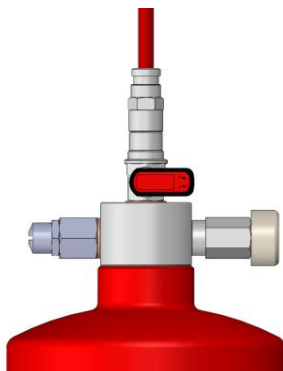
Proceed according to instructions in this chapter to pressurise the cylinder and BlazeTube detection at once.

For pressurisation of BlazeTube detection only, skip **Step 6** and **Step 7**.

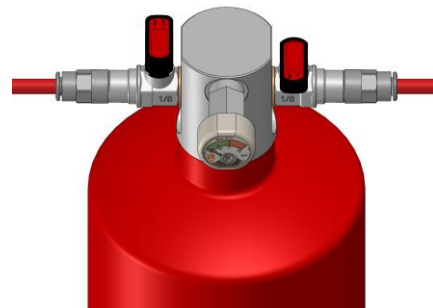
#### Step 1:

Close the ball valve(s) on the cylinder valve. Read and write down the value of pressure from the cylinder valve.

On valves 126 and 128 make sure BlazeTube ends from both the left and right outlets have an end-of-line adapter installed.



*Cylinder valve 116 or 118*



*Cylinder valve 126 or 128*

# AUTOMATIC FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEMS



## Step 2:

If installed, remove the pressure gauge (pressure switch or transducer) from the End-Of-Line Adapter AEA006 or AEA008 at the end of the BlazeTube.

## Step 3:

Make sure the ball valve on the charging adapter is closed.

Mount the Tool Charging Adapter ATC001 to the end-of-line adapter's M10x1 port by rotating clockwise. Tighten the charging adapter properly.

## Step 4:

Set the regulator on the source of N<sub>2</sub> to the value at least on the level of pressure in the cylinder increased by 1 bar. For pressure filling values at different temperatures refer to [Table 13](#) or [Table 14](#).

Open the regulation valve.

## Step 5:

Slowly open the ball valve on the charging adapter and pressurise the BlazeTube detection first.

When pressurising systems with valve 126 or 128, the BlazeTube detections have to be pressurised individually, except when they are in a loop configuration (*Example 3* in Chapter [3.1.3](#)).

**Step 6.1 (for valve 116 or 118)** (skip this step if pressurising only the BlazeTube):

Slowly open the ball valve on the cylinder valve and pressurise the cylinder.

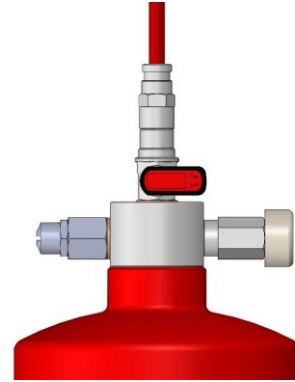
During pressurisation hissing can be heard. When the hissing stops, keep the ball valve open for at least 30 seconds to stabilize the pressure.

**Close the ball valve on the cylinder valve, shake the cylinder several times** and repeat **Step 6.1** until the pressure stays at the desired value.



**Step 7.1 (for valve 116 or 118)** (skip this step if pressurising only the BlazeTube):

Close the ball valve on the cylinder valve.



**Step 6.2 (for valve 126 or 128)** (skip this step if pressurising only the BlazeTube):

After both BlazeTubes are pressurised, slowly open both ball valves on the cylinder valve and pressurise the cylinder.

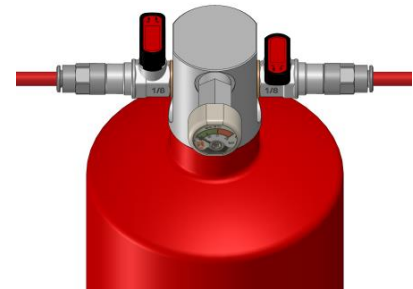
During pressurisation hissing can be heard. When the hissing stops, keep the ball valves open for at least 30 seconds to stabilize the pressure.

**Close both ball valves on the cylinder valve, shake the cylinder several times** and repeat **Step 6.2** until the pressure stays at the desired value.



**Step 7.2 (for valve 126 or 128)** (skip this step if pressurising only the BlazeTube):

Close both ball valves on the cylinder valve.



## Step 8:

Close the ball valve on the charging adapter.

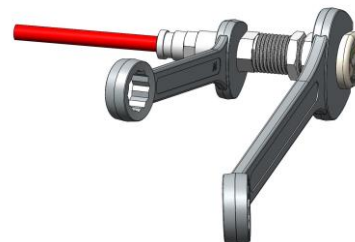
## Step 9:

Unscrew the charging adapter from the M10x1 port of the end-of-line adapter (with size 16 spanner). You can use size 14 spanner on the valve adapter to push clockwise while unscrewing the charging adapter.



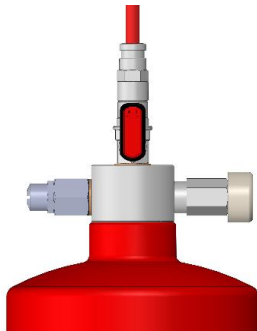
## Step 10:

Mount the pressure gauge (pressure switch or transducer) back. Tighten it with spanner 22 mm.



## Step 11:

If the pressure is not decreasing, very slowly open the ball valve on the cylinder valve. Pressures in the tube and the cylinder will equalise. Wait approximately 30 seconds.



*Cylinder valve 116 or 118*



*Cylinder valve 116 or 118*

Follow additional steps from Chapter [8.4.2](#).



Since this moment, the cylinder and the BlazeTube detection are connected in one pressure unit. Proceed carefully not to damage the BlazeTube detection. Its damage would cause activation of the system and release of extinguishing agent.



Do not try to remove the BlazeTube detection from the BlazeTube outlet on the cylinder valve or remove the end-of-line adapter if the BlazeTube is under pressure and the ball valve is open.

### 8.4.2 ADDITIONAL STEPS AFTER PRESSURISATION

Observe the value on the cylinder valve's pressure gauge and check the system components for leaks right away and after 30 minutes. If pressure is decreasing, the BlazeTube detection may not be connected properly, or some component may not be mounted tightly. Also check the connection between the cylinder neck ring and the cylinder valve using a foaming solution. Observe if no bubbles are formed due to loss of pressure through the connection.



*Connection between the cylinder neck ring and the valve*

### IMPORTANT!

**Never install the cylinder assembly if any leak is detected!**

### 8.4.3 ADDING LABELS

After completing all the previous steps, apply the warning label ALA008 to the protected enclosure. Fill out the label *Cylinder service record* ALA036 and attach to it contact information of the certified servicing body. Apply the filled-out label onto the protected enclosure to an accessible place.

## 8.5 FINAL INSPECTION OF THE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

Fill-out the Supporting Document *SD-CRDLP Commissioning-Installation Report C Series DLP*.

Final inspection of the system installation shall cover as a minimum:

1. Pressure and system leak test
2. Clear tube runs, no burrs, kinks or excessive curvatures
3. Operation of fault alarms and power cut outs
4. Warning and service labels shall be installed in a visible place on the enclosure
5. Safety warning notifications and handover documentation

## 9 OPERATION OF THE BLAZECUT SYSTEM IN CASE OF FIRE

BlazeCut system is designed to protect closed spaces from fire using volume or local fire suppression applying clean extinguishing agent. BlazeCut system suppresses fire automatically without any external power source.

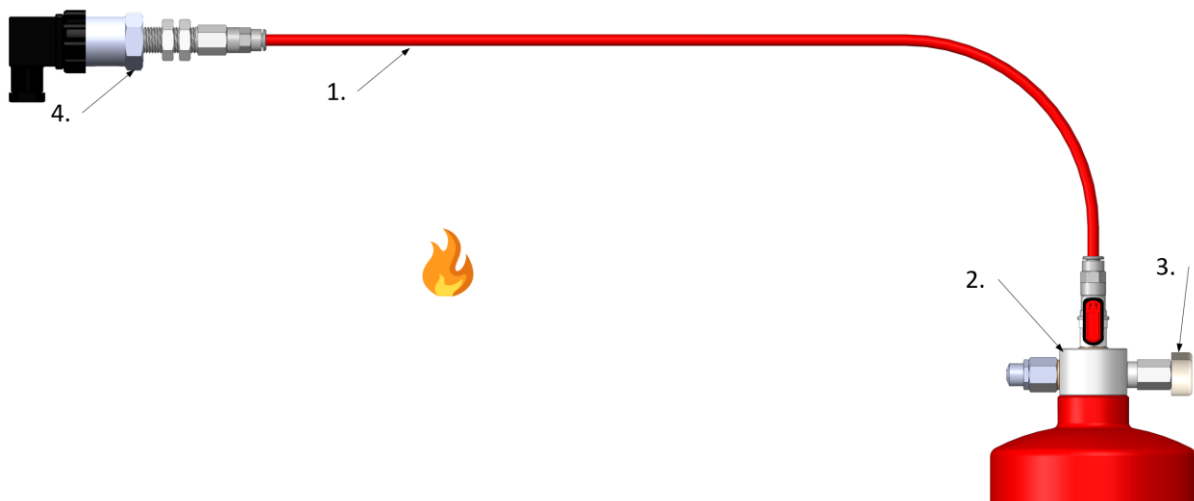
The fire suppression system operates by detecting fire and also application of the agent using a BlazeTube detection fastened to the cylinder valve. The BlazeTube detection is placed in the protected enclosure and is under constant pressure. In case of fire, the BlazeTube detection degrades by the effect of fire or high temperature. When the BlazeTube detection is disrupted, the agent is released through created “nozzle”. This system is independent of any electrical supply and operates solely on physical principles.

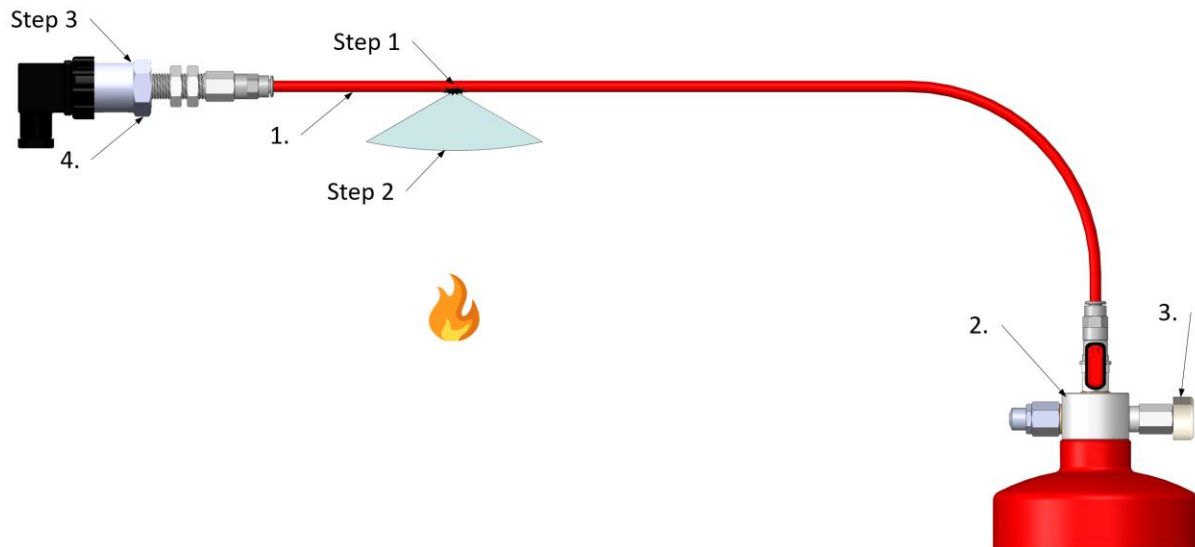
If two BlazeTube detections are installed in systems C(EA, FK)(126, 128), function of both BlazeTube detections is the same.

Time necessary for degrading of the BlazeTube detection by direct effect of fire or minimum temperature necessary for degrading the BlazeTube detection depends on the pressure in the tube, which is affected by factors such as the level of pressurisation of the system and ambient temperature. The higher the pressure in the tube, the sooner the tube degrades and the system activates.

If the Pressure Switch/Transducer installed on the cylinder valve is part of the system, it sends a signal to the external device (for example Alarm Panel AAP210).

Procedure during automatic activation of the system is described in figure below.





*Procedure during automatic activation of the system  
(as an example system with valve 116 used, principle of functioning is the same for all valves)*

1. BlazeTube detection
2. Cylinder valve
3. Pressure gauge
4. \*Pressure Switch/Transducer with cable connector

**Step 1:** Burning through the BlazeTube detection

**Step 2:** Release of extinguishing agent through created "nozzle"

**Step 3:** \*The Pressure Switch/Transducer sends signal to external device after decrease of pressure in the system

## NOTE

**\* Applicable only if the Pressure Switch/Transducer is installed**



In case of fire the system activates automatically by burning the BlazeTube detection without previous warning. Do not come to immediate proximity of the nozzle of the system in case of fire, there is a risk of being struck by extinguishing agent.



If the system is activated wait for its activity to finish. Do not enter the protected enclosures and do not open the covers of the protected enclosure during the activity of the system.

## 10 REGULAR INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM



Pressure configuration of the system is reserved technical equipment under pressure. Its activation and operation is subject to professional inspections and tests performed by revision technician according to applicable legislation. Operator is obliged to have inspections of safety condition of the equipment performed and immediately remove defects detected.



Always follow local legislation and statutory requirements.



All inspections (except daily operator's checks) and repairs, whether during regular maintenance or in exceptional situation, must be performed by a person authorized and trained by the manufacturer and depending on the procedure with corresponding professional qualification to ensure correct operation of the fire suppression system.

Required system inspection and maintenance must be followed to ensure long term, reliable and safe operation of the BlazeCut system.

Inspection and test intervals stated in [Table 44](#) minimum intervals required by the manufacturer. If the legislation in place of installation requires shorter intervals as stated in the table or additional inspections and tests, which are not stated in the table, it is necessary that these inspections are performed in accordance with this legislation. Additionally, if the environment where the system is installed is harsh, the system may require inspections every 3-6 months due to possible damage that may occur.

**Table 44: Overview of inspections in non-harsh environments (internal fixed installations)**

| Period / interval      | Obligatory scope                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Daily operator's check | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check system pressure</li> <li>2. Fire Alarm Panel check (if used)</li> <li>3. Visual inspection of system: check for loose and/or damage to cylinder assembly, brackets, detection, wiring, etc.</li> </ol> |
| 1 x 12 months          | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Overall inspection of the system</li> <li>2. Inspection of pressure in the system</li> </ol>                                                                                                                 |
| 1 x 5 years            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Overall inspection of the system</li> </ol>                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 1 x 10 years           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Overall inspection of the system</li> <li>2. Pressure test of the cylinder</li> <li>3. Replacement of BlazeTube detection</li> </ol>                                                                         |
| In special incident    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Overall inspection of the system</li> <li>2. Inspection of pressure in the system</li> </ol>                                                                                                                 |
| As necessary           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Inspection of weight of extinguishing agent in the system</li> <li>2. Inspection with the detection device for the inspection of leaks of HFC gases*</li> <li>3. Pressurisation of the system</li> </ol>     |

## NOTE

*Only for systems C(EA)(116, 118, 126, 128) with HFC-227ea*

## IMPORTANT!

**If any deficiencies are found, appropriate corrective action shall be taken immediately!**

Inspection must be performed also after each exceptional circumstance (e.g., accidental activation, exposure to mechanical or excessive thermal stress for example in case of fire without activation of the system).

In case of performing exceptional inspection, the 12-month period to perform the next regular inspection starts only when exceptional inspection was performed in full scope.

Regular replacement of components subject to wear and tear (effects of temperature, pressure and environment) is also necessary in BlazeCut system.

## IMPORTANT!

**Agents removed from containers during service or maintenance procedures shall be recovered and recycled or disposed of in accordance with any applicable laws and regulations.**

## 10.1 INSPECTION OF PRESSURE IN THE SYSTEM

### 10.1.1 GENERAL RULES

The pressure of the system is inspected by control pressure gauge situated on the cylinder valve (if the Pressure Switch/Transducer is not installed) or on the end-of-line adapter. If both pressure gauges are installed use the most accessible pressure gauge.

During inspection of pressure, the ball valve on the cylinder valve must be open to inspect pressure in the system correctly (like during regular operation of the system). During inspection, the system cannot be heated (e.g., during operation of the protected enclosure) and exposed to a direct sunlight.

## 10.1.2 DAILY OPERATOR PRESSURE CHECK

Read the pressure gauge. If the pressure is within the green zone, the system is operational. If the pressure indicator is in the red zone, contact the service technician.



*Pressure level is optimal*



*Pressure level is critical*

If the system is using a Pressure Switch APS001-xx or APS003-xx for monitoring of low pressure or a Pressure Transducer ATA100 for constant monitoring with the AAP210 panel the visual check of pressure gauge is not necessary as the alarm panel will notify the operator by warning light and buzzer on the panel, in case of low pressure.

## 10.1.3 12-MONTH PRESSURE INSPECTION



**When mounting and unmounting the pressure gauge or control pressure gauge to the end-of-line device, the ball valve of the outlet of the BlazeTube detection must be always closed.**

During inspection proceed as follows:

- Read the pressure from a pressure gauge (on the cylinder valve or end-of-line adapter) and remove it.
- Measure pressure by installing control pressure gauge (with adapter compatible with outlet M10x1) and compare detected value with data from the pressure gauge of the system. Values must be equal, permissible tolerance of pressure is maximum 1 bar. In case of discrepancy, replace the pressure gauge of the system.
- If the control pressure gauge detects pressure in the system lower by more than 10 % than the required value of pressure, taking into consideration ambient temperature (see Chapter [4.1](#)), perform the pressurisation of the system, and proceed according to Chapter [8.4](#).
- If the control pressure gauge detects pressure in the system lower by more than 20 % than the required value of pressure, taking into consideration temperature (see Chapter [4.1](#)), it is possible that the system is not tight.
- Perform inspection for leak of extinguishing agent with detection device for the inspection of leaks of HFC gases used in BlazeCut system (if the inspection is performed, see Chapter [6.6](#) – only for systems C(EA)(116,118,126,128) with HFC-227ea;
- Perform inspection of the amount of extinguishing agent in the system by weighting the cylinder, proceed according to Chapter [10.3](#).

## 10.2 BASIC POINTS OF INSPECTION OF THE SYSTEM

- check completeness of the system,
- clean surface of the cylinder and the cylinder valve, BlazeTube detection and pressure gauge from major dirt with a clean cloth,
- check surface of the cylinder, focus on possible changes in shape of the cylinder, mechanical damage, signs of corrosion, signs of leak, etc.; in case of damage of the cylinder or the cylinder valve replace them immediately,
- check firmness of the connection of the BlazeTube detection to the cylinder valve and firmness of the connection of the end-of-line adapter, BlazeTube connectors or plugs of the BlazeTube detection by gently pulling the tube,
- check that the BlazeTube detection is not damaged, focus on possible change of shape, colour, dents, damage caused by temperature or mechanical damage; in case of damage replace it,
- check firmness of the fastening of the cylinder in the bracket, check the fastenings of the tubes, firmness of the fastening of the electrical installation, check firmness of the mounting of the cable connectors to the Pressure Switch/Transducer,

- clean and check that all corresponding labelling of the system and warning labels marking the area protected by BlazeCut system are undamaged; if they are damaged, replace them.

Remove detected defects immediately. During replacement of components and reconnecting the tubes, the electrical installation and during pressurisation of the system proceed in accordance with the procedures described in Chapter [12](#).

## 10.3 INSPECTION OF WEIGHT OF THE EXTINGUISHING AGENT IN THE SYSTEM

Inspection of weight of extinguishing agent in the system is performed:

- If the control pressure gauge detects pressure in the system lower by more than 20 % than the required value of pressure, taking into consideration temperature (see Chapter [4.1](#)),
- If leak is detected by the detection device for the inspection of leaks of HFC gases used in BlazeCut system during operation of the system (if the inspection is performed, see Chapter [6.6](#) - only for systems C(EA)(116,118,126,128) with HFC-227ea,
- 1 x 5 years.

To inspect the amount of extinguishing agent in the system by weighting the cylinder with the valve attached, the cylinder must be removed from the system. Proceed according to Chapter [12.3](#).

If decrease of weight of extinguishing agent by more than 5 % is detected when weighting the cylinder, the cylinder must be replaced.

Decrease of weight of extinguishing agent can be calculated according to the formula:

$$P = \left( \frac{M_1 - M_2}{M_3} \right) 100 \%$$

$P$  – decrease of weight of extinguishing agent in percent (%)

$M_1$  – weight of the cylinder and valve including extinguishing agent\* [kg],  $M_1 = M + M_3$

$M_2$  – weight of the cylinder and valve including extinguishing agent detected by weighing [kg]

$M_3$  – amount of extinguishing agent [kg]; amount of extinguishing agent is marked on cylinder label (see Chapter [4.1](#))

**Table 45: Systems C(EA, FK)(116, 118, 126, 128)**

| Volume of the cylinder [L] | Valve | M [kg] * |
|----------------------------|-------|----------|
| 1.2                        | 116   | 1.42     |
| 1.2                        | 118   | 1.43     |
| 2.4                        | 116   | 1.90     |
| 2.4                        | 118   | 1.91     |
| 2.4                        | 126   | 2.18     |
| 2.4                        | 128   | 2.19     |
| 5.0                        | 116   | 2.85     |
| 5.0                        | 118   | 2.85     |
| 5.0                        | 126   | 3.12     |
| 5.0                        | 128   | 3.13     |

### NOTE

**\* Weight of the empty cylinder with the valve and without the extinguishing agent, tolerance  $\pm 0.05$  kg**

If the detected decrease of weight is not more than 5 %, install the cylinder back, proceed according to Chapter [12.3](#). If leak of extinguishing agent is detected by detection device for the inspection of HFC gases or by other way, the leak must be removed before repeated installation of the cylinder.

## 10.4 PRESSURISATION OF THE SYSTEM

During the operation of the system there is always a natural slight pressure leak in the system. The leak occurs on the BlazeTube connectors and through the BlazeTube detection itself due to permeability of the material. The operation conditions and the size of the cylinder also influence the pressure decrease. Therefore, it is necessary to pressurise the system occasionally if the pressure decrease is more than 10 %.

During pressurisation of the system during maintenance, the cylinder is also pressurised as opposed to pressurising only the BlazeTube detection during installation. Follow steps in Chapter [8.4](#).

## 11 SYSTEM DEACTIVATION AND REMOVAL

### 11.1 SYSTEM DEACTIVATION

If necessary BlazeCut system may be disabled without removing it from the protected enclosure. Close the ball valve on the cylinder valve. In this case even after damaging the tube the cylinder valve does not open and extinguishing agent is not released.

When using system C(EA, FK)(126, 128) with two individual ball valves, both BlazeTube detections should be deactivated.

### 11.2 REMOVAL OF THE SYSTEM FROM SERVICE

The system must be immediately put out of service in the following cases:

- The system has been activated or emptied for other reason.
- The system has been exposed to direct flame or temperatures exceeding the limits of the system operation.
- The cylinder or valve shows signs of damage (deformation, cracks, leaks and severe corrosion, unusual phenomena that cannot be inspected or removed during operation of the system).
- If the pressure in the system is significantly higher with the respect to the ambient temperature or if it exceeds the highest permissible pressure level of the system.

Subsequent measures to ensure safety of the system and protection of persons must be taken by the persons trained and authorized by the manufacturer and, depending on the procedure, with corresponding professional qualification. If necessary, contact your supplier of the BlazeCut system.

## 12 REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS AND RESTORATION OF ACTIVITY

When replacing components and restoring system activity, also follow instruction from other chapters stated in this manual.

### 12.1 CLEANING THE SYSTEM



**During cleaning process always wear appropriate protective glasses, breathing mask and suitable protective gloves and clothes.**

During maintenance of BlazeCut system clean the surface of the cylinder and the cylinder valve and the tubes from major dirt with pressurised air and/or an appropriate cleaning textiles or cloths and nonaggressive cleaning products. Do not use aggressive cleaning products such as solvents and caustic to clean the system.

Do not expose the system and especially its electronic parts to direct effect of water pressure during cleaning of the protected enclosure with high-pressure water.

## 12.2 RESTORATION OF ACTIVITY OF BLAZECUT SYSTEM IN CASE OF FIRE



Install and use BlazeCut system only with original supplied components. Do not replace anything in the system; use only original component and spare components. Using components not approved by the manufacturer causes loss of warranty, may cause malfunction of the system and presents danger to life and health of persons.



The system may be installed, maintained and repaired only by persons trained or authorized by the manufacturer and depending on procedure also with relevant professional qualification. Unprofessional interference with the system may cause malfunction of the system and presents danger to safety and health of people.

Extinguishing agent does not leave residue. Ventilate the protected enclosure properly, do not interfere with or work in the area before ventilation.

After the fire extinguishing is finished, follow the instructions below:

- Enter the protected area only after the system operation is finished.
- Unless absolutely necessary (e.g., fire is still present and it is necessary to use a portable fire extinguisher), enter the protected area only after it has been properly ventilated and cooled off and make sure that entry is safe.
- If immediate entry is necessary, persons should be properly protected (using self-contained breathing apparatus, protective clothing, gloves, glasses etc.).

If the system is automatically activated in case of fire in the protected enclosure, it is necessary to replace several components. Proceed as follows:

- Check all components of the system for any damage. Any part that was exposed to direct fire or temperature above maximum operating temperature of the component shall be replaced,
- Disconnect the cable connector from the Pressure Switch/Transducer, if used in the system, and remove the Pressure Switch/Transducer from the cylinder valve. Check if electrical installation was not damaged, replace possible damaged parts,
- Disconnect the BlazeTube detection from the cylinder valve,
- Replace the cylinder with valve and extinguishing agent,
- Replace BlazeTube detection; BlazeTube detection is replaced always in whole length; BlazeTube detection is replaced always after exposure to fire – if both BlazeTube detections of system C(EA, FK)(126, 128) were installed in the same enclosure both BlazeTube detections must be replaced, remember that also the BlazeTube detection which has not been replaced must be pressurised again,
- Connect the cable connectors to the Pressure Switch/Transducer and check correct functioning of the electrical installation.

During installation of new components or their replacement and during repeatedly connecting electrical installation and pressurisation of the system proceed according to instructions in respective chapters.

Proceed accordingly also in case of accidental discharge of the system.

## 12.3 REPLACEMENT OF THE CYLINDER

During replacement use only undamaged cylinder filled with the correct extinguishing agent, properly labelled, with correctly mounted cylinder valve. Cylinder assembly is supplied pressurised with required pressure. Detect the pressure in the cylinder with the pressure gauge mounted on the cylinder valve. Pressures corresponding to actual temperature are stated in Chapter [4.1](#).

If the pressure gauge is not mounted on the cylinder valve, external control pressure gauge with adapter compatible with an outlet with thread M10x1 on the cylinder valve or the pressure gauge of the BlazeCut system which is mounted on the end-of-line adaptor of the BlazeTube detection may be used. In such case, remove the pressure gauge from the end-of-line adaptor of the BlazeTube detection and mount it to the outlet on the cylinder valve with thread M10x1.

During replacement of the cylinder proceed as follows:

- Disconnect cable connectors on the Pressure Switch/Transducer, if used in the system and remove the Pressure Switch/Transducer.
- Close the ball valve and disconnect the BlazeTube detection.
- Loosen the clamps of the bracket of the cylinder and remove it from the bracket.
- Place a new cylinder assembly into the bracket and fasten it properly with clamps.
- Connect the BlazeTube detection to the cylinder valve.
- Install the Pressure Switch/Transducer and connect the cable connector, if used in the system.
- After replacement of the cylinder have a corresponding inspection of the pressure device performed according to Chapter [10](#).
- After replacement of the cylinder with HFC-227ea have corresponding inspection and measures to prevent leaks of the HFC-227ea gas according to Chapter [6.6](#).
- During removal and installation of individual components proceed according to the instructions as stated in individual chapters relating to the components.

## 12.4 REPLACEMENT OF THE BLAZETUBE DETECTION



**Do not try to remove the BlazeTube detection from the cylinder valve when the tube is under pressure and the ball valve on the cylinder valve is open.**

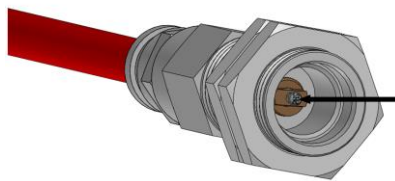


**Before handling the BlazeTube detection during removal, replacement or adjustment fastening in the protected enclosure, always close the ball valve on the cylinder valve where the tube is fastened. When the BlazeTube detection is connected to the cylinder valve and the ball valve is open, if the tube is damaged and the pressure decreases, the fire suppression system is always activated, and the extinguishing agent is released completely.**



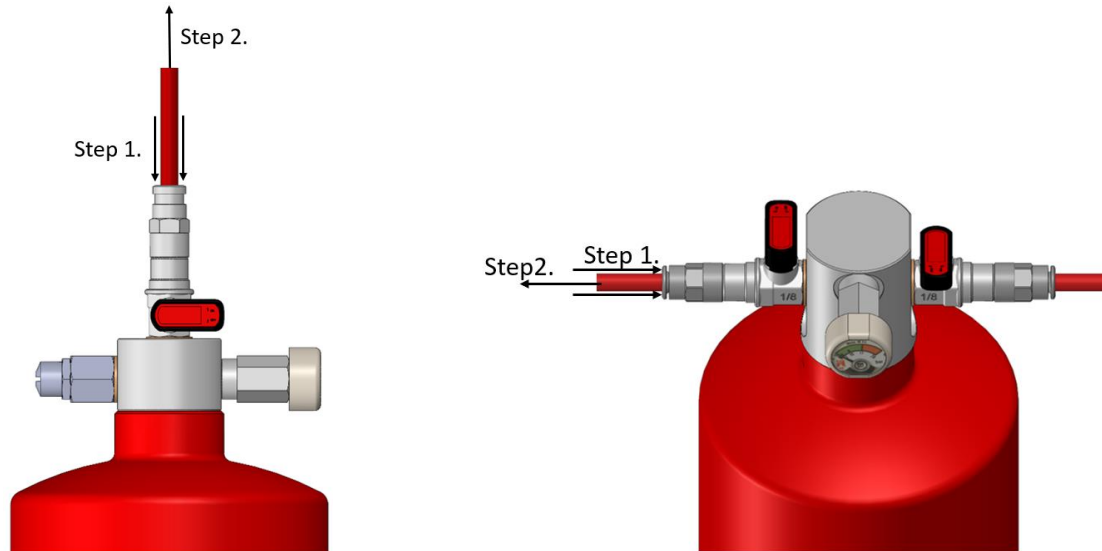
**During disconnection of the BlazeTube detection under pressure a pressure is released and if the system was in operation also small amount of agent is released. In such case always wear appropriate protective glasses with side-shields and suitable protective gloves. Aim the BlazeTube detection always apart. Make sure not to interpose any other person.**

1. Close the ball valve on the cylinder valve, position of the levers as shown in figures below.
2. If the BlazeTube detection is under pressure, remove the pressure gauge (pressure switch or transducer) from the End-Of-Line Adapter AEA006 at the end of the BlazeTube, if installed. Push in the Schrader valve inside the end-of-line adapter to release the pressure from the BlazeTube.



*Schrader valve inside the end-of-line adapter*

3. Disconnect the BlazeTube detection from the connector on the cylinder valve. Disconnect the BlazeTube by pushing the ring inwards in the place of entry of the tube to the connector and remove the tube. Proceed according to the instructions in Chapter [8.3](#), also when disconnecting the end-of-line adapter. Be careful, if the tube was under pressure, the pressure will leak from the BlazeTube detection.



*Disconnection of the BlazeTube detection from the valve  
(example: valve 116 and 118 on the left, valve 126 and 128 on the right)*

4. Fasten the new BlazeTube detection properly to the connector of the cylinder valve. Fasten the BlazeTube detection so that the tube is slotted to the connector and pushed by hand all the way. After slotting always make sure by pulling that the tube is firmly gripped.
5. Place the BlazeTube detection in the protected enclosure and gradually fasten it with clamps/ties.
6. During installation proceed further according to Chapter [8.3](#).
7. Pressurise the BlazeTube detection, proceed according to Chapter [8.4](#).
8. When using systems with HFC-227ea after replacement of the BlazeTube detection have inspection performed and take measures against leaks of HFC-227ea gas according to Chapter [6.6](#).

## 12.5 DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Upon installation of each piece of the system the Commissioning/Installation Report must be prepared. Original of the Report signed by the client shall be kept with the installation company and a copy left with the client.

Records on the maintenance and inspection of the system indicating the scope of service must be kept. Keep the maintenance records.

Declaration of conformity is issued by the manufacturer for each of the systems separately. The basis and requirement to issue the declaration of conformity is the Report issued by the authorized qualified person with relevant professional qualification in accordance with the relevant legislation and delivered to the manufacturer, whereby the authorized person certifies correct installation of the system pursuant to the technical documentation.

In the declaration of conformity, the manufacturer declares that the equipment under pressure is in conformity with the certificate of the type of the equipment under pressure issued in accordance with the requirements of European directive 2014/68/EU, Module B+E.

Supervising the implementation of the obligations arising out of the approved quality assurance system is ensured by notified body:

Technická inšpekcia, a.s., Trnavská cesta 56, 821 01 Bratislava, Slovak Republic (NB 1354).

Pursuant to the abovementioned, the equipment under pressure is labelled with CE conformity mark and identification code of notified body: 1354.

The products are safe when the terms of use and technical requirements are observed.

A copy of the current certificates can be requested by emailing [technical@blazecut.com](mailto:technical@blazecut.com)

## 13 PRODUCT TRAINING



Installation of the system, its activation and repair and maintenance is governed by specific legislation and these activities may only be performed by persons with relevant professional qualification subject to applicable legislation. Depending on procedure, also a relevant training or authorization by the manufacturer is required. Unprofessional interference with the system may cause malfunction of the system and provides danger to safety and health of people.

All people installing and servicing the BlazeCut systems must pass a training module for respective type of BlazeCut system. The BlazeCut DLP C Series system training module consists of these main topics:

- Components of the system and accessories
- System functions
- Installation
- Maintenance and servicing

The training is delivered in person, or in online form. After training completion, attendees receive a Training Certificate confirming the completion of respective training module.

Training shall be renewed at least every 5 years.

## 14 LIST OF ANNEXES

[ANNEX 1: SIGNALLING DEVICES](#)

[ANNEX 2: PRESSURE MONITORING AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS](#)

## ANNEX 1: SIGNALLING DEVICES

### A1.1. SIGNALLING UNITS

Table 46: Signalling units

| Part №  | Description                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ASU001  | Signalling unit, light and sound, 81 dB, CE, 6-28 V DC, CE. Suitable for indoor, fixed, low vibration installations                                                               |
| ASU002  | Signalling unit red, sounder and beacon with high base, 114 dB, IP44, EN54-3/CE/LPCB, 24 V DC. Suitable for indoor, fixed, low vibration installations                            |
| ASU003  | Signalling unit red, sounder and beacon with high base, 101 dB(A), IP65, 18-24 V DC, CE, EN54-3. Suitable for fixed, low vibration installations                                  |
| ASU004  | Signalling unit, combined sounder and beacon, 97 dB, IP65 - Type B - 20-30 V DC, CE, EN54-3, -20 °C up to 70 °C. Suitable for outdoor, fixed, low vibration installations         |
| ASR001  | Sounder red, multi tone with high base, 92 dB to 112 dB, IP65, CE/VdS, LPCB, 9-15 V DC, CE, EN54-3. Suitable for fixed, low vibration installations                               |
| ASR002  | Sounder, multi tone with high base, IP65, EN54-3, voltage range 9-29 V DC, operating temperature: -25 °C +80 °C, deep base. Suitable for fixed, low vibration installations       |
| ABR001  | Beacon red xenon, IP65, CE, VdS, 9V-60Vdc, CE, EN54-3. Suitable for fixed, low vibration installations                                                                            |
| ABR002  | Beacon red LED, IP65, CE, R10, 12-24 V DC, -20°C to +50°C, 3 bolt mounting. Suitable for outdoor mobile applications.                                                             |
| ASB001  | Sounder black, 97 dB, IP65, SAE J994 Type C, AMCA, UL, CE, E, 12-24 V DC, -40°C to +85°C. Suitable for outdoor mobile applications.                                               |
| AWB012  | Warning buzzer with red LED dots, 12 V DC, 80 dB (@1m), IP50, -20 to +50 °C, stainless steel, 29 mm diameter. Suitable for fixed and mobile installations. Includes ALA019 label. |
| AWB024  | Warning buzzer with red LED dots, 24 V DC, 80 dB (@1m), IP50, -20 to +50 °C, stainless steel, 29 mm diameter. Suitable for fixed and mobile installations. Includes ALA019 label. |
| ASB8666 | Sign Board optical acoustic with text: "EXTINGUISHING IN PROGRESS", size of text: 135x320 mm, IP65, 12/24 V, 100 dB @1 m, -10 °C to +50 °C, CE, fixed applications                |



ASU001



ASU002, ASU003



ASU004



ASR001



ABR001



ABR002



ASB001



AWB012 and AWB024



ASB8666

## A1.2. ALARM PANEL

Table 47: Alarm panel and accessories

| Part No | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AAP210  | Alarm panel <b>without</b> a fire button for C Series, OK, Fault and Fire LED indication (automatic dimmer function), fully configurable via Wi-Fi, include data logging and programmable NO/NC integrated relay output, 9 - 36 V DC, 85 dB buzzer, IP67, -30°C to 70°C, CE, EMC tested, flush or external mounting, red anodized aluminium body, 55 mm diameter. Includes 2x End-of-line Resistor AER101.<br><b>Note: Requires programming</b>                                                       |
| AAP310  | Alarm panel <b>without</b> a fire button for T and C Series, preconfigured from factory, OK, Fault and Fire LED indication (automatic dimmer function), 9 - 36 V DC, 85 dB buzzer, IP67, -30°C to 70°C, CE, EMC tested, Integrated NO relay output, flush or external mounting, red anodized aluminium body, 55 mm diameter. Includes 1x End-of-line Resistor AER101. Can be used for:<br>a) C Series with just one pressure switch      b) as a fire warning device<br><b>Note: Non-programmable</b> |
| AAP400  | Alarm panel with a test button for T and C Series, preconfigured from factory, OK, Fault and Fire LED indication, 10 - 30 V DC, 85 dB buzzer, IP65, -30°C to 70°C, CE, EMC tested, flush or external mounting, powder coated aluminium body, 64x58x30 mm, 0.5 m cable. Includes 2x End-of-line Resistor AER106. Can be used for:<br>a) C Series with one or two pressure switches      b) as a fire warning device<br><b>Note: Non-programmable</b>                                                   |
| APB210  | Panel bracket stainless steel for Alarm Panels AAP210, AAP211 and AAP310                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| ABP212  | Back-up power supply 12 V for Alarm Panels AAP210, AAP211 and AAP310, includes 1 x 7.0 Ah battery. For indoor use only                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ABP224  | Back-up power supply 24 V for Alarm Panels AAP210, AAP211 and AAP310, includes 2 x 7.0 Ah battery. For indoor use only                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ACF001  | Case for an external fuse, IP66, -20 up to 70 °C, max 10 A (for AEF001, AEF002, AEF100, AEF200)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| ACF002  | Case for an external fuse, IP50, max 6.3 A (for AEF001, AEF002, AEF100, AEF200)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| AEF002  | External fuse 2 A for Alarm Panels AAP210, AAP211 and AAP310                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| AEF200  | External fuse 200 mA for Alarm Panel AAP400                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |



AAP210, AAP310



AAP400



APB210



ABP212



ABP224



ACF001



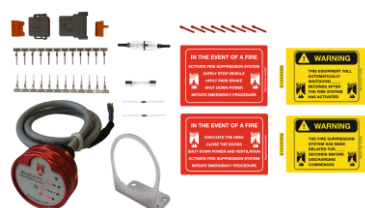
ACF002



AEF002, AEF200

**Table 48: Alarm panel kits**

| Part №  | Content                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| KAAP210 | Alarm Panel AAP210 kit without a fire button for C Series, Panel Bracket APB210, 12-pin Deutsch Connector ADC012, Sealing Plugs ADP001, External Fuse AEF002, Fuse Case ACF001, End-of-line Resistors AER101, labels ALA002, ALA003, ALA004 ALA005 |
| KAAP310 | Alarm Panel AAP310 kit without a fire button for T and C Series, Panel Bracket APB210, 6-pin Deutsch Connector ADC006, Sealing Plugs ADP001, External Fuse AEF002, Fuse Case ACF001, End-of-line Resistor AER101, labels ALA002, ALA004 ALA005     |
| KAAP400 | Alarm Panel AAP400 kit with a test button for T and C Series, 6-pin Deutsch Connector ADC006, Sealing Plugs ADP001, External Fuse AEF200, Fuse Case ACF002, End-of-line Resistors AER106, labels ALA004 ALA005                                     |



KAAP210



KAAP310



KAAP400

For additional information ask for a component manual *CM-AP2 Alarm Panels AAP210, AAP211, AAP310* or *CM-AP4 Alarm Panel AAP400*.

## ANNEX 2: PRESSURE MONITORING AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

### A2.1. PRESSURE TRANSDUCER ATA100

Pressure Transducer ATA100 provides full range constant pressure monitoring in the system. It can identify a low pressure or overpressure in the system and notify the operator through an Alarm Panel or other external device.

Depending on the valve type, the Pressure Transducer ATA100 can be installed to the system in several ways described in Chapter [A2.4](#).

**Table 49: Specifications of pressure transducer ATA100**

| Parameter             | Description                            |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Material of body      | stainless steel                        |
| Pressure range        | 0 – 40 bar                             |
| Accuracy              | 0.5 % BFSL                             |
| Maximum overpressure  | 80 bar                                 |
| Operation voltage     | 8 – 30 V DC                            |
| Power consumption     | 8 mA                                   |
| IP rating             | IP67                                   |
| Operating temperature | from -40 °C up to 70 °C                |
| Thread                | M10x1 (14 mm with O-ring and filter)   |
| Electrical cable      | 25 cm length, 3 x 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> |



Pressure Transducer ATA100

## A2.2. PRESSURE SWITCH APS001-xx

Pressure Switch APS001-xx is a mechanical switch with one pre-set pressure value (switch point). When the pressure in the system drops below the switch point, the pressure switch sends a signal to an Alarm Panel or an external device to perform the operation. The pressure switch is supplied with a cable connector.

The Pressure Switch APS001-xx will send a signal when the pressure in the system decreases regardless of the cause, in case of fire or accidental activation and rapid decrease of pressure in the system which is below the pre-set value.

Depending on the valve type, the Pressure Switch APS001 can be installed to the system in several ways described in Chapter [A2.4](#).

**Table 50: Specifications of pressure switch APS001-xx**

| Parameter                  | Description                            |         |     |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------|-----|
| Material of body           | nickel plated steel                    |         |     |
| Switch configuration       | open or closed (SPDT)                  |         |     |
| Hysteresis                 | min. 0.5 bar, max. 1.5 bar             |         |     |
| Switching frequency        | max. 100 min-1                         |         |     |
| Power rating               | Voltage                                | Current |     |
| Resistive load AC-12, DC12 | AC 250 V                               | DC 24 V | 4 A |
| Inductive load AC-14, DC14 | AC 250 V                               | DC 24 V | 2 A |
| IP rating                  | IP65 with cable connector and seal     |         |     |
| Electrical outlet          | DIN EN 175301-803 A                    |         |     |
| Operating temperature      | from -30 °C up to 100 °C               |         |     |
| Thread                     | M10x1 (12.5 mm with O-ring and filter) |         |     |



*Pressure Switch APS001-xx*

### IMPORTANT

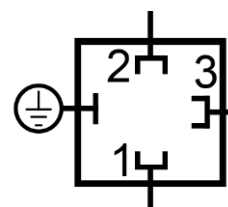
Diagram on the pressure switch label is at atmospheric pressure (e.g., unpressurised system or discharged system).

**Table 51: Versions of APS001-xx for clean agents**

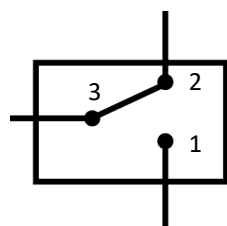
| Suitable for | Switch point    | Pressure value | Part №    |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|
| HFC-227ea    | Fire indication | 5              | APS001-5  |
| HFC-227ea    | Low pressure    | 7              | APS001-7  |
| FK-5-1-12    | Fire indication | 9              | APS001-9  |
| FK-5-1-12    | Low pressure    | 11             | APS001-11 |

APS001 has a selectable switching function, so it can be set to open or closed state.

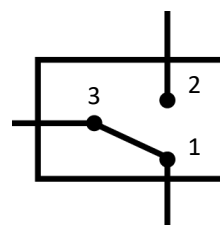
1. Connector for closed circuit – for sending signal to an alarm panel, switching on devices (sirens, beacons) or switching off devices using an external relay
2. Connector for open circuit – for switching off connected devices (e.g., ventilation, that is connected in the electric circuit)
3. COM connector
4. ground connector



*APS001 connector*



Pressurised



Discharged

## A2.3. PRESSURE SWITCH APS003-xx

Pressure Switch APS003-xx is a mechanical switch with one pre-set pressure value (switch point). When the pressure in the system drops below the switch point, the pressure switch sends a signal to an Alarm Panel or an external device to perform the operation. The pressure switch is supplied with a cable connector.

The Pressure Switch APS003 will send a signal when the pressure in the system decreases regardless of the cause, in case of fire or accidental activation and rapid decrease of pressure in the system which is below the pre-set value.

Depending on the valve type, the Pressure Switch APS003 can be installed to the system in several ways described in Chapter [A2.4](#).

Table 52: Specifications of pressure switch APS003

| Parameter             | Description                            |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Material of body      | brass                                  |
| Switch configuration  | closed (no pressure)                   |
| Hysteresis            | min. 0.5 bar, max. 1.5 bar             |
| Voltage               | 42 V DC / 100 V AC                     |
| Current               | max 4 A                                |
| IP rating             | IP65 with cable connector and seal     |
| Electrical outlet     | DIN 43650A                             |
| Operating temperature | from -40 °C up to 100 °C               |
| Thread                | M10x1 (12.5 mm with O-ring and filter) |



Pressure Switch APS003

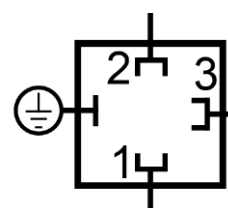
Table 53: Versions of APS003-xx for clean agents

| Suitable for | Switch point    | Pressure value | Part №    |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|
| HFC-227ea    | Fire indication | 5              | APS003-5  |
| HFC-227ea    | Low pressure    | 7              | APS003-7  |
| FK-5-1-12    | Fire indication | 9              | APS003-9  |
| FK-5-1-12    | Low pressure    | 11             | APS003-11 |

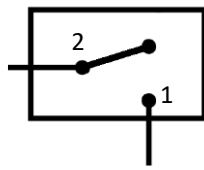
### IMPORTANT

Normal state is at atmospheric pressure (e.g., unpressurised system, system after extinguishing).

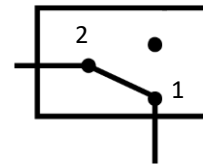
1. Connector for closed circuit – for sending signal to an alarm panel, switching on devices (sirens, beacons) or switching off devices using an external relay
2. COM connector
3. not used
4. ground connector



APS003 connector



*Pressurised*



*Discharged*

## A2.4. INSTALLATION OF PRESSURE MONITORING COMPONENTS

Pressure monitoring components such as pressure transducers, pressure switches and additional pressure gauges are usually delivered not installed, to prevent them from damaging during transportation. All pressure monitoring components are compatible with M10x1 ports. The M10x1 ports are sealed by a Schrader valve, which closes and opens automatically during removal or installation of the components. The Schrader valve allows to perform these operations even when the system is under pressure. The same principle of sealing is also used on end-of-line adapters and M10x1 adapter FVABM0210 on the cylinder valve.

For valves 126 and 128, at the time of order, a valve adapter FVABM0210 can be requested to allow for additional M10x1 port for pressure monitoring components.

Suitable outlets for individual components:

### Valves 116 and 118

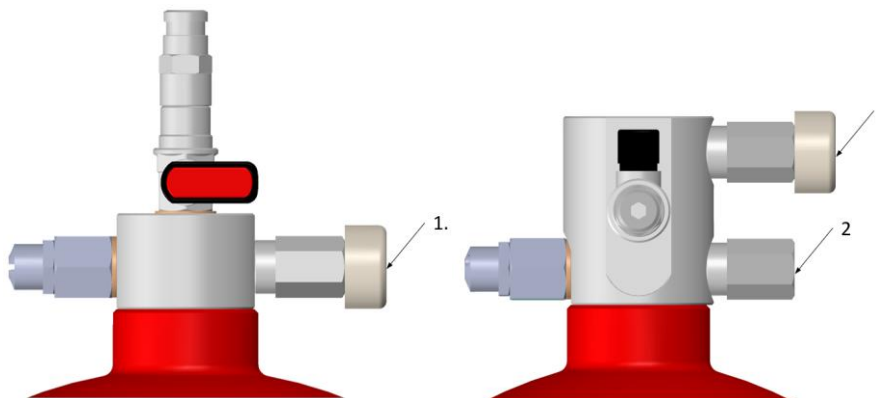
1. Valve Adapter FVABM0210
  - a) main pressure gauge
2. End-of-line Adapter AEA006 on a BlazeTube
  - a) additional pressure gauge
  - b) Pressure Transducer ATA100
  - c) Pressure Switch APS001 or APS003

### Valves 126 and 128

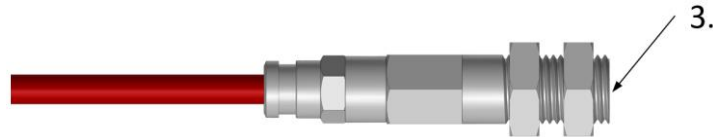
1. Top Valve Adapter FVABM0210
  - a) main pressure gauge
  - b) Pressure Transducer ATA100
  - c) Pressure Switch APS001 or APS003
2. Bottom Valve Adapter FVABM0210 (optional component)
  - a) main pressure gauge
  - b) Pressure Switch APS001 or APS003 for low pressure monitoring
3. End-of-line Adapter AEA006 on a BlazeTube
  - a) additional pressure gauge
  - b) Pressure Transducer ATA100
  - c) Pressure Switch APS001 or APS003 for fire indication

### IMPORTANT!

Main pressure gauge must always be installed in the appropriate port on the cylinder valve. It can be uninstalled only momentarily, during maintenance or gauge relocation.



*M10x1 ports on valves 116, 118 (left) and valves 126, 128 (right)*



*Additional M10x1 port on the end-of-line adapter*

## A2.1.1. WARNINGS



Install the pressure switch and pressure transducer so that it is not exposed to aggressive chemical substances (caustic, acids, solvents, corrosive substances etc.) and to direct influence of weather conditions.



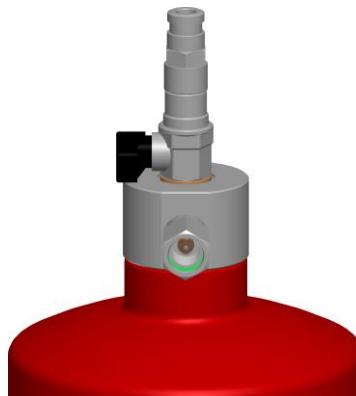
Always place the pressure switch and pressure transducer in the lower part of the risk area to avoid direct flames and heat. The pressure switch cannot be in direct contact or be in immediate proximity with parts which heat to temperatures of more than 80 °C (176 °F) e.g., engine block, engine turbocharger, exhaust pipe, heated parts of inductors etc.



Be aware of the danger posed by the protected device. When working in the vicinity of electrical equipment observe corresponding safety rules and instructions. Work on electrical installations may be performed only by qualified persons.

In case a pressure transducer, pressure switch or a pressure gauge has to be uninstalled from the cylinder valve, depressurisation of the cylinder is **not** required. Follow these steps when installing or uninstalling components into the cylinder valve:

1. Uninstall (fully unscrew) the desired component. A small amount of extinguishing agent may be released from the port.
3. Install the new component. To properly install it and prevent any malfunctions of the system, screw in the component tightly.
4. Pressurise the system as described in Chapter [10.4](#) and check for presence of any leaks.



*M10x1 port with exposed Schrader valve after component uninstallation*

## NOTE

***In case of malfunction or disconnection of the electrical components (Pressure Switch APS001-xx or APS003-xx, Pressure Transducer ATA100, electrical installation) the system remains functional, these components are not necessary for its automatic activation in case of fire.***

## A2.5. ELECTRICAL CABLES, CONDUITS AND CONNECTORS

For installation of electrical components use the appropriate electrical cables supplied as optional components:

- Pressure Transducer ATA100 – two core electrical cable;
- Pressure Switch APS001-xx or APS003-xx – two, three or four core electrical cable.

**Table 54: Specifications of cables**

| Part № | Description                                                                             | Comment                                                              | Length    |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ASC002 | standard cable, 2x0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> , -40 °C up to 80 °C, UV stabilized              | for standard installations                                           | per metre |
| ASC004 | standard cable 4x0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , -40 °C up to 80 °C, UV stabilized                | for standard installations                                           | per metre |
| ASC102 | silicone cable 2x0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> , -60 °C up to 180 °C, UV stabilized, up to 500 V | for installations with high temperatures like in engine compartments | per metre |
| ASC103 | silicone cable 3x0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> , -60 °C up to 180 °C, UV stabilized, up to 500 V | for installations with high temperatures like in engine compartments | per metre |
| ASC104 | silicone cable 4x0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> , -60 °C up to 180 °C, UV stabilized, up to 500 V | for installations with high temperatures like in engine compartments | per metre |



*Standard cable*



*Silicone cable*

**Table 55: Silicone cable kits**

| Part №      | Description                                                              |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| KASC102-005 | 2-core silicone cable kit, 5 metres, 15 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C  |
| KASC102-010 | 2-core silicone cable kit, 10 metres, 30 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C |
| KASC102-015 | 2-core silicone cable kit, 15 metres, 45 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C |
| KASC102-020 | 2-core silicone cable kit, 20 metres, 55 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C |
| KASC103-005 | 3-core silicone cable kit, 5 metres, 15 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C  |
| KASC103-010 | 3-core silicone cable kit, 10 metres, 30 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C |
| KASC103-015 | 3-core silicone cable kit, 15 metres, 45 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C |
| KASC103-020 | 3-core silicone cable kit, 20 metres, 55 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C |
| KASC104-005 | 4-core silicone cable kit, 5 metres, 15 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C  |
| KASC104-010 | 4-core silicone cable kit, 10 metres, 30 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C |
| KASC104-015 | 4-core silicone cable kit, 15 metres, 45 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C |
| KASC104-020 | 4-core silicone cable kit, 20 metres, 55 cable ties, -60 °C up to 180 °C |

In case of installation in spaces with increased risk of damage due to mechanical interference use the cable conduit with conduit connector to protect the electrical cables.

**Table 56: Specifications of conduits**

| Part № | Description                                       | Length    |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ACC110 | Cable conduit, internal Ø 10 mm, -40 °C to 120 °C | per metre |



Cable conduit ACC110

Table 57: Specifications of electrical connectors

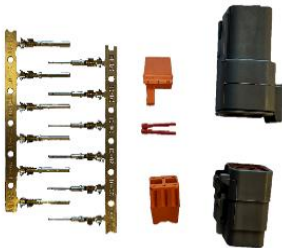
| Part № | Description                         | Working temperature |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| ADP001 | sealing plug for Deutsch connectors | -55 °C to +125 °C   |
| ADC002 | 2-pin Deutsch connector             |                     |
| ADC006 | 6-pin Deutsch connector             |                     |
| ADC012 | 12-pin Deutsch connector            |                     |



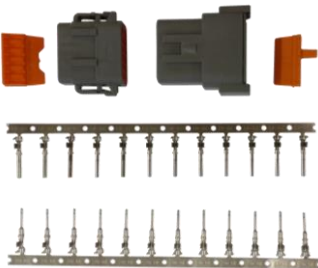
ADP001



2-pin Deutsch connector



6-pin Deutsch connector



12-pin Deutsch connector

Please note any suggestions for BlazeCut to improve our manuals and email us at [technical@blazecut.com](mailto:technical@blazecut.com)

[illegible]